

The Columbian.

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NO. 34

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican county convention assembled in the Opera House on Monday August 17th at 2 p. m., and was called to order by County chairman W. D. Beckley. Secretary H. A. McKillip read the call for the convention as published in the *Republican*. The chairman announced the first business to be the calling of the districts and list of delegates. W. W. Heffner and C. W. Eckman were appointed temporary secretaries. The following is the list of delegates:

Beaver—C. B. Noetting, E. E. Troy.
Benton Boro.—B. H. Larish, C. A. Edson.
Benton Twp.—F. S. Smith, Boyd Harrison.
Berwick, S. E.—Bruce F. Evans, Frank Kitchen.
Berwick, N. E.—A. U. Leshner, Henry Traugh.
Berwick, N. W.—Boyd Hagenbuch, F. St. Clair.
Berwick, S. W.—Harry Reedy, Albert Wans.
Bloomsburg, 1st.—W. O. Holmes, W. U. Jury, J. C. Brown.
Bloomsburg, 2nd.—Lloyd Garrison, J. R. Gorson, Dinmick Warner.
Bloomsburg, 3rd.—I. Hagenbuch, W. D. Beckley, Jacob Stiner, H. D. Edgar.
Bloomsburg, 4th.—B. F. Hicks, W. C. Shaw, B. F. Sharpless.
Briarclark—Jas. Sponenberg, Samuel Houck.
Catawissa Boro.—A. Truckenmiller, B. Smick, O. D. L. Kostenbauder, J. B. Fortner.
Catawissa Twp.—J. W. Rider, W. H. Roberts.
Centralia, 1st.—W. H. John, A. D. Goldsworthy.
Centralia, 2nd.—W. W. Heffner, Chas. Schaum.
Centre—W. F. McAlister, Z. T. Fowler.
Cleveland—Alex. Wardrop, T. J. Delbaugh.
Conyngham, West—P. E. Snyder, Jas. Duttry.
Conyngham, N. E.—Frank Monahan, M. McCoy.
Conyngham, S. W.—Chas. Kostenbauder, Wm. Oakum.
Conyngham, S. W.—John Pitts, Wm. Harbach.
Conyngham, S. E.—W. Dunlevy, Samuel Marshall.
Fishingcreek, E.—J. J. Mather, P. J. Weaver.
Fishingcreek, W.—B. W. Eyer, Jas. Trump.
Franklin—Jere Kostenbauder, Y. M. Mensch.
Greenwood, East—D. Albertson, J. W. Mather.
Greenwood, West—E. Lemon, H. A. Myers.
Hemlock—H. W. Appleman, W. F. Hartman.
Jackson—Z. A. Butt, I. C. Smith.
Locust—J. C. Wintersteen, S. R. Dyer.
Madison—Elias Hendershott, Wm. Greenly.
Main—N. H. W. Brown, W. R. Richelifer.
Mifflin—C. H. Harpster, John W. Smith.
Millville—C. W. Eckman, Preston Eves.
Montour—Tie vote on two sets of delegates. W. M. Monroe, E. A. Mears, R. J. Chrisman, Harry Deener.
Mt. Pleasant—John Lee, R. C. Kindt.
Orange—J. O. Ikeler, Silas Conner.
Pine, N.—Henry Greenly, J. D. Potter.
Pine, S.—Harry Hayman, J. F. Lemon.
Roaringcreek—W. H. Cherrington, A. W. Leiby.
Scott, E.—W. B. Milnes, H. N. White.
Scott, W.—J. E. White, J. Welliver.
Sugarloaf, N.—C. E. Yorks, Dr. Wackenuth.
Sugarloaf, S.—S. B. Hess, Thos. E. Brown.
For temporary chairman W. O. Holmes nominated A. U. Leshner of Berwick. There being no other nomination he was unanimously elected. Mr. Leshner made a few remarks on taking the chair, predicting that the party that saved the country in 1860 would save the country's honor in 1896. On motion of J. C. Brown a committee of five was appointed on contests, consisting of Messrs Kostenbauder, Wintersteen, Noetting, Kitchen and Mather.
The committee after a session of fifteen minutes reported that in Orange township they found a delegate each for Kitchen and Wilson in Orange, and that in Bloom 1st the delegates be given to Kitchen.
W. U. Jury offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, By the Republicans of Columbia County in Convention this day assembled, that the Platform and principles adopted by the St. Louis Republican Convention be unqualifiedly endorsed, and that the nominations of Hon. Wm. McKinley, and the Hon. Garrett A. Hobart, for President and Vice President respectively be heartily approved; and we pledge ourselves to work faithfully and industriously to give them in November, the largest vote ever polled in Columbia County for a Republican National ticket.

Resolved, That the Convention to day nominate two candidates for the Legislature, one candidate for Associate Judge, one candidate for Prothonotary, one candidate for Register and Recorder, one candidate for Treasurer, one candidate for County Commissioner, one candidate for District Attorney, one candidate for Auditor, and one candidate for County Surveyor.

Resolved, That the ticket this day nominated shall receive our earnest and hearty support.

A motion was made to amend by making the nomination of two commissioners instead of one, which was lost by a large majority. A motion to adopt the resolutions was unanimously adopted.

W. U. Jury nominated Nehemiah Kitchen for county commissioner. The names of O. T. Wilson and W. H. Utt were also presented, but Mr. Utt withdrew. The list of delegates was called, and each one named his choice as he was called. The result was 72 for Kitchen, 25 for Wilson.

For the legislature the following names were presented: Elmer E. Stroup, H. A. McKillip, and they were nominated by acclamation.

W. M. Monroe named Maj. I. H. Seesholtz of Catawissa, for Associate Judge. There being no other person named, Maj. Seesholtz was nominated by acclamation.

C. S. W. Fox and O. B. Mellick were presented for Prothonotary, and the roll of delegates was called, with the following result:

Fox 56½, Mellick 39½. Mr. Fox was declared the nominee.

W. M. Monroe of Rupert, was nominated for Register and Recorder, in spite of his efforts to decline the honor.

Joseph W. Eves of Millville, was nominated for Treasurer.

For District Attorney Ralph R. John and W. H. McGill declined, and C. C. Evans was nominated.

Z. A. Butt and J. B. Yetter were named for Auditors. A rising vote was taken, and Butt got 45 votes, and Yetter 43 votes.

Robert R. Pealer of Fishingcreek was nominated for county surveyor.

H. A. McKillip Esq. chairman of committee to revise the rules, made a report, which was adopted.

The list of committeemen was then called, and the convention adjourned.

Much interest was manifested and the hall was well filled, the only fight being for commissioner.

A Fatal Burning Accident.

Gerald, the two and a half years old son of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. I. L. Rabb, who reside on West Second street, was so badly burned on Monday noon that he died at midnight. While the family were at dinner, Gerald and Arthur, his brother, aged five years, started to buy some candy with pennies their father had given them. Soon after they were heard crying, and going out the father found the little one enveloped in flames. Taking him in his arms he succeeded in extinguishing the fire, but not until his own hands and arms were badly burned, and the little one fatally injured. It is believed that the child built a fire with some matches and straw, and thus set its clothing on fire. The burial took place on Wednesday afternoon.

August Weather.

According to Rev. Hicks, the famous St. Louis weather man, August will be stormy from the middle to the end of the month. From 10th to 11th a storm is due and 15th to 19th rains. To the 21st cooler and 23d a reactionary storm. From 28th to end of month is a regulated storm period. The month will likely be one with considerable rain.

Michael Casey had a slight paralytic stroke on Monday morning while sitting on a box in front of Moyer Bros' drug store. He fell to the pavement and was somewhat bruised. He was removed to his home in a carriage.

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bloomsburg Meeting.

The Pennsylvania School Journal for August, contains an article on the recent meeting of the State Teachers' Association, from which the following extract is taken:

It was a good thing to hold the late meeting of the State Teachers' Association at the Bloomsburg State Normal School, which is indeed "beautiful for situation" and has ample accommodations of every sort. The dining room, with its excellent bill of fare and prompt service, suggested the summer hotel. The great building, with its hundred of rooms, its beautiful campus bordered with maples, geraniums fringing the walks, everything in admirable condition, and all brilliant at night with electric lights, both arc and incandescent, but emphasized the suggestion. We were all very pleasantly at home; and many who were not familiar with the great Normal Schools of the State gained a new idea of their appointments, size and importance—from the spacious chapel, the recitation rooms, the halls, the library, gymnasium, parlors, offices, dormitories, etc.,—and for this very reason it is well that the superintendents, teachers and others should come together occasionally in one or another of these schools at their annual meeting. We are all under obligations to Dr. Welsh, principal of the Bloomsburg school, who invited the Association to Bloomsburg, and who was the efficient Chairman of the Executive Committee during the sessions.

The high ground occupied by the school affords a fine view of the town below, embowered in trees, most of them maples planted within the past twenty to twenty-five years; of the river, which here never overflows its banks; and of the hills and low mountains, near and far, which rise in all directions about it. The sunrise and sunset glory upon these hills, as we saw it from our third story window looking out over the large, open campus, was a sight to be remembered.

The sessions were held in the chapel (auditorium) of the school. The attendance was good. Supt. A. G. C. Smith (A Good County Superintendent, as our friend Houck humorously recites his initials) was an admirable presiding officer. The programme was full and strong. Some difficulty was experienced in finding time for all the work that had been prepared, so as to get in the pleasant excursion of twenty miles up the Fishing Creek valley, which had been arranged for Thursday afternoon by the citizens of Bloomsburg. The reception, also by the citizens, to the members of the Association on Tuesday evening, in the large gymnasium of the school, was enjoyed by everybody. There was an open-air concert given by the Bloomsburg Cornet Band on Wednesday evening on the school campus, with a choice printed programme; and on the same evening Governor Hastings addressed a crowded house in the auditorium in an able discussion of the common school interests of the State. His address will be given in full in our next issue as a part of the proceedings of the meeting.

The discussion of the Normal School question was spirited, and occupied an entire session. The Normal School is a sturdy young sapling that has had a very promising growth, but it is not yet near the lordly oak or the mighty elm stage of development. Let the storm winds of criticism blow, roughly it may be, the sapling is the better for it. Its roots go deeper, and spread farther, and take hold more firmly because of the struggle. The enrollment was 328, the income being sufficient to pay all expenses, and leave a modest balance in the hands of the Treasurer. New Castle, in the western part of the State, was chosen as the next place of meeting, and Dr. D. J. Waller, Jr., principal of the Indiana State Normal School, was made president for the ensuing year. Everybody was glad to honor Dr. Waller, our ex-State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the honor is to him "doubly welcome," as he said in a few most fitting words at the close, "because it came in the old school where he sat for years under the instruction of a remarkable teacher, Prof. Henry Carver."

Among the formal resolutions adopted at the closing session were the following: One asking the Legislature to place on the retired list, with pay, teachers who have earned such recompense by long-continued

service; one endorsing Normal Schools and asking for a liberal appropriation for them; one urging the establishment of Township High Schools by legislative enactment; one that the State appropriation should be so distributed that no district should receive more than is raised by local taxation, and one authorizing the appointment of five County Superintendents, to outline a course of study for the rural ungraded schools, this, when approved by the State Superintendent, to be printed in every report book issued by the Department.

The town of Bloomsburg is noted for its industries. The railroad facilities, an unfailing supply of good water, the low price of coal, from its nearness to different anthracite coal fields, and the inducements offered by the enterprising and far-sighted people of the place, have all contributed to make this a manufacturing centre of rapidly growing importance. Here is the largest carpet mill in the United States outside of Philadelphia. It was visited with great interest by the members of the Association; also the extensive ice-plant, the furniture and school desk manufactory, the novelty works, and the famous Paul E. Wirt Fountain Pen manufactory, which sends its product all over the world. The silk mill was of absorbing interest, for the delicacy and beauty of its product, starting with the raw silk, which comes in skeins wound directly from the cocoon, and worth from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per pound—white always from Japan, always yellow from Italy. But the manufacture of brass tubing of all sizes impressed us most. The wonderful beauty of the yellows and greens in the casting department, where the alloy is poured white as milk; the awful power of the hydraulic pull, when even the engine seemed to "hold its breath" under the strain of the mighty effort; the heavy tubing, cold brass when put into place, and when pulled through the beveled hole of less diameter on the exit side than itself, so hot—every molecule having changed its position and being put into violent vibration—that you cannot keep your hand upon it for a moment; the reduction in diameter and thickness and the increase in length of the tube; the quiet but tremendous power of the "accumulator," a machine weighing a hundred and fifty tons, the piston head eighteen inches in diameter and the hydraulic pressure a thousand pounds to the square inch—all these things went home to the writer with a directness and force which he cannot describe, and made the visit to the Brass Tube Manufactory worth, of itself, the trip to Bloomsburg. We never before felt the hydraulic pull so strong. Under this steady strain of more than a hundred tons the hard brass fell into new shape as if it were a tube of some tenacious kind of cheese, drawn through a smaller hole into new dimensions of every sort.

Judge Stewart of Chambersburg is one of those clear-headed jurists who makes no sentimental or illogical mistakes. Mrs. Mary Van Lear was convicted before him of murder and sentenced to ten years and six months in the Eastern Penitentiary. Subsequently she was declared insane and sent to the asylum at Harrisburg, where she recovered in a year. Then influential friends tried to have her released, but Judge Stewart refused to order her discharge and has remanded her to the penitentiary. If this way of exercising exact justice were more common, the insanity dodge would not figure so largely in our criminal annals.

Not a Unit By Any Means.

The Centralia School Directors appointed by the court to supplant the board elected by the people, whose ousting was due to their failure to organize within the period specified by law, are not a unit by any means. After frequent efforts to meet to appoint teachers there have been just that many failures. The board, it is said, cannot agree upon the personnel of the teaching corps.—*Mt. Carmel Times*.

D. L. & W. Railroad Earnings.

The quarterly report of the D. L. & W. railroad just filed with the railroad commissioners gives the gross earnings of the road as \$1,931,003; operating expenses, \$978,897; fixed charges, \$620,749; net earnings, \$331,410.

E. J. Bowman of Berwick has been granted a pension.

We Can't Turn the Time Back.

The season is rapidly getting away from us and our stock must be sold to make room for fall goods. If you know how to take advantage of an unprecedented opportunity to buy at the narrowest prices. This is your time.

Summer suits, summer coats, summer pants, summer vests, all at what we pay. Not a farthing of profit asked.

HATS

in all the new shapes and colors. Ask to see our "Amphion." The best \$2.50 hat for \$1.90.

All the newest color combinations in shirts. Colored fronts with white body. We offer a special line of the gold and silver brand for \$1.00.

New neckwear just out; latest colorings, 75cts.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
ONE PRICE
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

GOT RID OF HER DOG.

A good sized dog sat on the pavement in front of the post office on Tuesday morning. He had no muzzle on, and as officer Laycock approached him with a rope in his hand, the dog, being from the country and not having heard of the dog ordinance, made no effort to escape. The rope was placed around his neck, and the dog reluctantly followed the officer up the street to the pound. As they disappeared in the distance a woman whose truck wagon stood in the curb market, remarked that it was her dog. A bystander asked if she knew what was to be done with it, "yes" she replied. "He is going to the pound, and will be killed if not called for in forty-eight hours. He will not be called for, because we have another dog at home, and want to get rid of this one. He is an old one, and we've had him a long time, and no one at home wants to kill him, so I let him follow me in town thinking perhaps some one would catch him without a muzzle on, and save us the trouble of killing him." And the dog never came back.

Look Out for These.

Two new counterfeiters of United States silver certificates have been discovered by the treasury department. The first is a one dollar, series of 1891, check letter C, signed by J. Fount Tillman, register, and D. N. Morgan, treasurer, and having a portrait of Stanton. The second is a five dollar, series of 1891, check letter B, signed by J. Fount Tillman, register, and D. N. Morgan, treasurer, and having a portrait of Grant. These counterfeiters are printed from etched plates and are very poor productions. The portraits, letter work and small lettering especially are bad, being much blurred and indistinct. The paper is also poor. A few pieces of silk thread have been distributed through it. The most careless handler of money, it is said, should readily detect the counterfeit notes.

Two prisoners escaped from the Bradford county jail last week. Their names are Thomas Coleman and Lorenzo Heeman, and a reward of \$100 is offered by the sheriff for their capture.

THE BERWICK RACES.

A number of Bloomsburg wheelmen went to Berwick last Saturday to attend the third annual race meet at that place. Krick of Reading won the mile open. The other events were as follows:

Half mile open—Charles Coleman, Scranton, first; C. W. Krick, Reading, second; Will McMichael, Berwick, third. Time, 1:10½.

Mile open—C. W. Krick, Reading, first; Charles Coleman, Scranton, second; B. F. Keller, Scranton, third. Time, 2:43.

Two mile lap race—C. W. Krick, Reading, first; Craig Stewart, Harrisburg, second; R. A. Gregory, third.

Three mile handicap—B. F. Keller, Scranton, 100 yards, first; W. E. Dickerson, Palmyra, N. Y., 150 yards, second; Will McMichael, Berwick, 200 yards third.

GIRTON REUNION.

The reunion of the Girtton family held in the Hess Grove at Rupert, on Thursday last was a grand success. There were present nearly two hundred. The day was very pleasant and was enjoyed by all that were present. About noon we were ordered to take our seats at the tables and all did ample justice. After dinner the president, Wm. G. Girtton, called us all to the Grand Stand where speech making was in progress, after which the Secretary read his report of last year.

The next thing in order was electing of officers for the ensuing year. The following were elected: Wm. G. Girtton President, Jno. J. Kreamer Secretary, J. G. Girtton Treasurer, and J. A. Girtton for Historian. It also was decided to hold the next reunion at the same place.

ONE OF THEM.

An Eclipse.

There will be a partial eclipse of the moon August 23. Luna will be in deep shadow for about three hours. The eclipse begins at 12:24 a. m. and ends at 3:30 a. m. so that all who wish to see it must remain up late or rise early.

Lloyd Yeager, who fell off the train near Mountain Grove, died from his injuries on Thursday.

WHEN THE TIDE IS COMING IN.

Somehow, love, our boat sails lighter,
Smoother, faster on the bay—
Somehow, love, the sun shines brighter,
Softer, warmer thro' the spray—
Somehow, love, the sky is clearer,
God and man seem nearer kin—
Somehow, even you are dearer
When the tide is coming in.

"Tis the spring of life, unending
At the source of motion, dear!
"Tis the stream of hope ascending
From the depths of ocean, dear!
"Tis the heart of nature beating,
Where the throbs of life begin!
"Earth and heaven gladly meeting,
When the tide is coming in!"

Somehow, love, your eyes are brighter,
Smoother, faster on the bay—
Somehow, love, the sun shines brighter,
Softer, warmer thro' the spray—
Somehow, love, the sky is clearer,
God and man seem nearer kin—
Somehow, even you are dearer
When the tide is coming in!

—Minneapolis Journal.

"OUR WIFE."

The following story, written by the late Bill Nye in his earlier days, is taken from a collection of his sketches just published by F. Tennyson Neely. It presents a curious mixture of Nye's peculiar humor and the pathos that did not often enter into his writings, but which touched the heart none the less because of its burlesque accompaniment.

The story opens in 1877, when, on an April morning, the yellow-haired "devil" arrived at the office of the Jack Creek Pizenweed, at 7 o'clock, and found the editor in. It was so unusual to find the editor in at that hour that the boy whistled in a low contralto voice, and passed on into the "news room," leaving the gentlemanly, genial and urbane editor of the Pizenweed as he had found him, sitting in his fendered chair, with his head immersed in a pile of exchanges on the table and his venerable Smith & Wesson near by, noting as a paper-weight. The gentlemanly, genial and urbane editor of the Pizenweed presented the appearance of a man engaged in sleeping off a long and aggravated case of drink. His hat was on the back of his head, and his features were entirely obscured by the loose papers in which they nestled.

Later on, Elijah P. Beckwith, the foreman, came in, and found the following copy on the hook, marked "Leaded Editorial," and divided it up into "takes" for the yellow-haired devil and himself:

"In another column of this issue will be found, among the legal notices, the first publication of a summons in an action for divorce, in which our wife is plaintiff and we are made defendant. While generally deprecating the practice of bringing private matters into public through the medium of the press, we feel justified in this instance, inasmuch as the summons sets forth, as a cause of action, that we are, and have been, for the space of ten years, a confirmed drunkard without hope of recovery, and totally unwilling to provide for and maintain our said wife.

"That we have been given to drink we do not, at this time, undertake to deny or in any way controvert, but that we cannot quit at any time we do most earnestly contend.

"In 1857, on the 4th day of July, we married our wife. It was a joyful day, and earth had never looked to us so fair or so desirable as a summer resort as it did that day. The flowers bloomed, the air was fresh and exhilarating, the little birds and the hens poured forth their respective lays. It was a day long to be remembered, and it seemed as though we had never seen nature get up and hump herself to be so attractive as she did on this special morning—the morning of all mornings—the morning on which we married our wife.

"Little did we then dream that after ten years of varying fortune we would to-day give utterance to this editorial, or that the steam power-press of the Pizenweed would squat this legal notice for divorce, a vinculo et thoro, into the virgin page of our paper. But such is the case. Our wife has abandoned us to our fate, and has seen fit to publish the notice in what we believe to be the spiciest paper published west of the Missouri River. It was not necessary that the notice should be published. We were ready at any time to admit service, that plaintiff would serve it while we were sober. We cannot agree to remain sober after 10 o'clock a. m. in order to give people a chance to serve notices on us. But in this case plaintiff knew the value of advertising, and she selected a paper that goes to the better classes all over the Union. When our wife does anything she does it right.

"For ten years our wife and we have trudged along together. It has been a record of errors and failures on our part; a record of heroic devotion and forbearance on the part of our wife. It is over now, and with nothing to remember that is not soaked full of bitterness and wrapped up in a red flannel remorse, we go forth to-day and herald our shame by publishing to the world the fact, that as husband, we are a depressing failure, while as a red-eyed and a rum-soaked ruin and all-round drunkard, we are a tropical triumph. We print this without egotism, and we point to it absolutely without vain glory.

"Ah, why were we made the custodian of this fatal gift, while others were denied? It was about the only talent we had, but we have not wrapped it up in a napkin. Sometimes we have put a cold, wet towel on it, but we have never hidden it under a bushel. We have put it out at 3 per cent. a month, and it has grown to be a thirst that is worth coming all the way from Omaha to see. We do not gloat over it. We do not say all this to the disparagement of other bright, young drinkers, who came here at the same time, and who had equal advantages with us. We do not wish to speak lightly of those whose prospects for filling a drunkard's grave were at one time even brighter than ours. We have simply sought to hold our position here in the grandest galaxy of extemporaneous inebriates in the wild and woolly West. We do not wish to vaunt our own prowess, but we say, without fear of a successful contradiction, that we have done what we could.

"On the fourth page of this number will be found, among other announcements, the advertisement of our wife who is about to open up the old laundry at the corner of Third and Cottonwood

streets, in the Briggs building. We hope that our citizens will accord her a generous patronage, not so much on her husband's account, but because she is a deserving woman, and a good laundress. We wish that we could as safely recommend every advertiser who patronizes these columns as we can our wife.

"Unkind critics will make cold and unfeeling remarks because our wife has decided to take in washing, and they will look down on her, no doubt, but she will not mind it, for it will be a pleasant relaxation to wash, after the ten years of torchlight procession and Mardi Gras frolic she has had with us. It is tiresome, of course, to chase a pillow-case up and down the washboard all day, but it is easier and pleasanter than it is to run a one-horse Inebriate Home for ten years on credit.

"Those who have read the Pizenweed for the past three years will remember that it has not been regarded as an outspoken temperance organ. We have never claimed that for it. We have simply claimed that, so far as we are personally concerned, we could take liquor or let it alone. That has always been our theory. We still make that claim. Others have said the same thing, but were unable to do as they advertised. We have been taking it right along, between meals, for ten years. We now propose, and so state in the prospectus, that we will let it alone. We leave the public to judge whether or not we can do what we claim."

After the foreman had set up the above editorial, he went in to speak to the editor, but he was still slumbering. He shook him mildly, but he did not wake. Then Elijah took him by the collar and lifted him up so that he could see the editor's face.

It was a pale, still face, firm in its new resolution to forever "let it alone." On the temple and under the heavy sweep of brown hair there was a powder-burned spot and the cruel affidavit of the "Smith and Wesson" that our wife had obtained her decree.

The editor of the Pizenweed had demonstrated that he could drink or he could let it alone.

Mrs. Youngwife's Economy.

The other day Mrs. Youngwife came in to borrow the mullage. Mrs. Youngwife had written a letter, put her last stamp on the envelope, and then addressed it wrong.

"I was so provoked," she said, "and I made up my mind I'd save that stamp if it took me all the afternoon. I've been at it an hour, but I got it off. Don't you think I'm economical?"

Some one suggested that there was a saying about a penny saved was as good as two earned, but there was another saying about "penny wise, pound foolish."

"Ah!" said Mrs. Youngwife, "that's my husband! He is always complaining about the size of our bills. He said to me this morning, 'What do you do with all the coal? Do you eat it?' I assured him I didn't; but what do you think he does? He comes home Saturday night with two or three dollars' worth of the most expensive fruit, which spoils before we can eat it. They make him pay a dollar a dozen for oranges and tell him they are from Spain. I am! But so it goes!"

"The other day he met an old acquaintance down town. They hadn't seen each other since we have been married."

"Well," said the man to my husband, "have you a good boat lying place, now?"

"Just fair," said my husband.

"Cheap?" asked his friend.

"Umph! not exactly," said my husband.

"Where is it?" asked his friend.

"Up near Sixty-fifth street and Tenth avenue," said my husband.

"How much do you pay?" asked his friend.

"Well, it costs me about \$150 a month," said my husband.

"Great Scott! are you crazy?" said his friend. "Up near Sixty-fifth street and near Tenth avenue! And it costs you \$150 a month! Why, what in heaven's name makes you do it?"

"I'm married!" said my husband.

"Oh! was all his friend said.—New York Sun.

Earl Grey's Latest Experiment.

Mr. Albert Grey always had a weakness for curious economic experiments; and, now that he has become Earl Grey, he has an opportunity of putting some of them into practice. He has commenced with one which is calculated to revive that feeling of joint responsibility which some of us feared was almost extinct in these days of cut-throat competition.

A batch of north country miners are being taken out by him to South Africa, each receiving an advance of £50 for outfit and expenses. The men bind themselves, jointly and severally, to repay the advances by certain installments; each man is responsible, up to double the amount received, not only for his own share, but for that of the defaulters, if there are any. The men come from the same district, and they all know each other, and we presume that there was a right of veto, so that no doubtful character should join the band. We doubt whether the system could be safely tried on a large scale; but it has a certain fascination as an experiment.

There is a suggestive proviso, to the effect that "any member failing in his installments shall be at once reported to the other members." The others, we presume, will then call on the defaulter, and "have it out" with him. That is where the moral pressure will come in.—London Saturday Review.

Another New Woman Question.

"Here's a problem for the 'new woman,'" he said, as he moved in the direction of the door, so that he could make his escape easily if it became necessary.

"Go ahead," said the fashion editor indignantly.

"Well, she is adopting man's habits as rapidly as she can."

"So it's claimed."

"She is imitating him in all possible ways."

"So it's claimed."

"Her hair will go next."

"Some women wear it very short now."

"Well, if she insists on wearing her hair short, what I want to know is, how she will conceal the fact that she is becoming bald."

"Then he dodged and got out just in time.—From the Chicago Post.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

John M. Garman Elected Chairman.

John M. Garman of Nanticoke, has taken the place of Robert E. Wright of Allentown, at the head of the State Democratic Committee. His selection was made Thursday, at a meeting of the committee in Harrisburg, and he at once entered upon the duties. It also decided to recall the Allentown convention to meet in Harrisburg, September 10, to adopt a platform in accord with the national declaration of principles and fill the vacancies on the electoral ticket. Fusion with the Populists on a basis of two electors was also discussed and will be taken up for final action by the convention.

The candidates for chairman were Mr. Garman, Hon. James Kerr of Clearfield, former chief clerk of the national house of representatives, and John L. Spangler, of Bellefonte. Garman was elected on second ballot after Spangler withdrew.

Chairman Garman was a silver delegate to Chicago and gave Harberty much trouble by insisting that the unit rule be abrogated and that Pattison withdraw. The new chairman says he will not recognize or favor any faction. He counts all loyal Democrats his friends and expects them to work to get out the vote in November. He said he would resign in favor of Colonel James M. Guifey of Pittsburg, if he would have the place, but the Colonel prefers to fight in the ranks.

These resolutions, endorsing the Chicago ticket and platform, were presented by John J. Curley.

Resolved, That the State Democratic Committee of Pennsylvania cordially endorse the nomination of William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska, and Arthur Sewall of Maine, for the offices of President and Vice-President respectively by the National Democratic Committee, and that we heartily approve the platform adopted by that body, and that we appeal to every citizen of Pennsylvania who loves his country to support our national ticket.

The question of reconvening the Allentown convention was then considered. It was announced that John M. Campbell of Philadelphia, had formally resigned as an elector and filed his resignation in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth. The Harbitytes opposed another convention and an extended discussion followed. It was finally decided that Mr. Campbell having resigned under the party rules another convention would have to be called to fill that and other vacancies.

Thomas F. Emmens of Easton, offered a resolution that the committee fix a time and place for the reconvening of the state convention for the purpose of filling vacancies on the state ticket, amending the resolution of the Allentown convention and taking such other action as may be necessary at present. The resolution was amended by providing for a meeting of the state convention at Harrisburg, September 10, at 12 o'clock noon, and then adopted.

John M. Seigfried of Warren moved that a sub-committee of four be appointed by the committee to confer with a similar committee from the Populist state committee looking to a fusion by granting the Populists two places on the electoral ticket. Mr. Howley, after much discussion, moved that the motion be laid on the table. This carried, and the committee adjourned. Mr. Seigfried argued that if the Democrats fused with the Populists they could elect their local tickets in such counties as Westmoreland and Warren.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man

Hood's
Pills

said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over."—C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

NASAL CATARRH

is a local disease and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes. It can be cured by a pleasant remedy which is applied directly into the nostrils.

FLY'S CREAM BALM

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays pain and inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 25 cents at drugists or by mail, ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD

ELY'S CREAM BALM

COLD IN HEAD

ELY'S CREAM BALM

COLD IN HEAD

ELY'S CREAM BALM

COLD IN HEAD

ELY'S CREAM BALM

COLD IN HEAD

ELY'S CREAM BALM

COLD IN HEAD

ELY'S CREAM BALM

COLD IN HEAD

B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres. N. U. FUNK, Sec. C. H. CAMPBELL, TREAS.

BLOOMSBURG
LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$30,000.

Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money. Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

B. F. SHARPLESS; J. L. DILLON.
C. W. NEAL; A. G. BRIGGS; DR. I. W. WILLITS,
DR. H. W. McREYNOLDS, N. U. FUNK.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver As
Bloomsburg Pa.

Prices Low and Good Work.

For the finest and best stoves, tinware, roofing, spouting and general job work, go to W. W. Watts, on Iron street. Buildings heated by steam, hot air or hot water in a satisfactory manner. Sanitary Plumbing a specialty.

I have the exclusive control of the Thatcher steam, hot water and hot air heaters for this territory, which is acknowledged to be the best heater on the market. All work guaranteed.

W. W. WATTS,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IRON STREET.

SHOES SHOES

We buy right and sell right.
OUR SUCCESS IS BASED ON THIS FACT.

Honest trading has won us hosts of customers but we want more. We are selling good shoes, so good you ought to see them. Drop in and we will make it pay you.

W. H. MOORE.
CORNER IRON AND MAIN STS.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF
CARPET, MATTING,
or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT
W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

One of the Few

certainities in treating disease is counter-irritation—the effect, usually, of plasters. But Johnson's Belladonna Plaster is more than a mere excitant of the skin; it relieves and cures also by the absorption of its medicinal properties. Hence the sureness and thoroughness of the relief it gives. There are other good plasters, but this is the best. And the best is what we want. The genuine bears the Red Cross. Look for it.

JOHNSON & JOHNSON.

Manufacturing Chemists, New York.

If we can only sell you one package of Seelig's, we better stop business. But we're in business because those who try it keep on buying.

SEELIG'S Good isn't it. This admixture gives ordinary coffee a delicious flavor.

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SEELIG'S Good isn't it. This admixture gives ordinary coffee a delicious flavor.

Something New!

Fred Kumer's improved Artificial Stone Pavement. All

kinds of cement work. Prices

low and all work guaranteed.

All orders by mail promptly

attended to.

P. O. Box 374.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Removed!

SCHUYLER'S

HARDWARE,

TO

Evans' Block,

MAIN and IRON STS.

Fine PHOTO-
GRAPHS and
CRAYONS at
McKilip Bros.,
Bloomsburg.

The best are
the cheapest.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb.	12
Eggs per dozen	13
Lard per lb.	08
Ham per pound	12
Pork, whole, per pound	06
Beef, quarter, per pound	07
Wheat per bushel	80
Oats " "	28
Rye " "	50
Wheat flour per bbl.	400
Hay per ton	12 to 14
Potatoes per bushel	40
Turnips " "	25
Onions " "	40
Sweet potatoes per peck	25 to 30
Tallow per lb.	42
Shoulder " "	10
Side meat " "	10
Vinegar, per qt.	07
Dried apples per lb.	05
Dried cherries, pitted	10
Raspberries	12
Cow Hides per lb.	31
Steer " "	05
Calf Skin	80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn per bus.	50
Corn meal, cwt.	200
Bran	100
Chop	100
Middlings	100
Chickens per lb new	12
" " old	10
Turkeys " "	12 1/2
Geese " "	10
Ducks " "	08
COAL	
No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

Bring the Babies.

INSTANTANEOUS PROCESS USED.

Strictly first-class guaranteed photographs, crayons and copies at reasonable prices. We use exclusively the Colloidon Aristotype papers, thus securing greater beauty of finish and permanency of results. CAPWELL.

MARKET SQUARE GALLERY.

11-22-17. Over Hartman's Store.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

G. SNYDER, Proprietor,

(Opposite the Court House)

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

Not one part but every part of HIRES Rootbeer tends toward making it the perfect temperance and healthgiving drink.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

5-25-17. d

The Leading Conservatory of America

CARL F. LUTHE, Director.

Founded in 1853 by M. Tourjée.

NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY

OF MUSIC, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for Prospectus giving full information.

FRANKLIN ST. FRANK W. HALL, General Manager.

STANDARD OIL CO'S

STABLE AND FARM SPECIALTIES

MICA AXLE GREASE.

BEST IN THE WORLD FOR HEAVY WAGONS

NEW YORK CARRIAGE GREASE.

FOR LIGHT WAGONS AND HEAVY CARRIAGES

BOSTON COACH AXLE OIL.

CHEAPER AND BETTER THAN CASTOR OIL

STANDARD LEATHER OIL.

BEST LEATHER PRESERVER IN THE WORLD

EUREKA HARNESS OIL.

THE BEST HARNESS OIL MADE

RUDDY HARVESTER OIL.

A FINE HEAVY BODY FOR FARM MACHINERY

FAVORITE SEWING MACHINE OIL.

ELECTRIC CYCLE LUBRICATING OIL

Coach and Carriage Candles

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

AGENTS—Millions in it—Campaign Books

Life of McKinley and all e-n-d-

dates. Nearly 600 pages; 10

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.
The Columbia Democrat,
ESTABLISHED 1887. CONSOLIDATED 1889.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING
at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia
County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.
TERMS:—Inside the county, \$1.00 a year in ad-
vance; \$1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside
the county, \$1.35 a year, strictly in advance.
All communications should be addressed to
THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1896.

FOR PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,
ANDREW L. FRITZ,
Subject to the decision of the Con-
gressional Conference.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN N. GORDON,
of Montour township.

WILLIAM KRICKBAUM
of Bloomsburg.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE
JAMES T. FOX,
of Catawissa.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF
THE COURTS,
WILLIAM H. HENRIE,
of Catawissa Boro.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
G. S. FLECKENSTINE,
of Orange Township.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN G. HARMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, (North Side)
WM. CHRISMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

WILLIAM T. CREASY,
South Side.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
CHARLES B. ENT,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,
W. F. STOHNER,
of Bloomsburg.

BOYD TRESCOTT,
of Millville.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
CHAS. M. MOORE,
of Bloomsburg.

No better selection for state chair-
man could have been made than John
M. Garman Esq. of Nanticoke. He
is a lawyer of ability, a graduate of
the Bloomsburg Normal School, a
fluent speaker, and a fearless fighter.

The fact that the Cuban patriots
are steadily holding their own, and
that Spain makes not an inch of pro-
gress toward subduing them, is in
itself a fair presumption that the
revolutionists will win.

No one need be in the dark now on
the silver question, the treasury de-
partment having just issued a circular
of some fifty pages, giving informa-
tion upon every phase of the cur-
rency question. Copies can be had
by applying to the treasury depart-
ment.

The talk of making ex-Presidents
members of the Senate for life is being
revived. Every few years the scheme
is brought out and put through the
newspapers and then retired. The
present temper of the American people
is not favorable to life-senatorship.
The idea savors too much of the
House of Lords concerning the utility
of which the English themselves are
not convinced. Over the water they
talk of mending or ending the House
of Lords, while over here we talk of
inaugurating a system in some respects
resembling the one which the English
want to change. The only arguments
advanced for the life-senatorships for
ex-Presidents are the experience they
would have in public affairs and the
added dignity of the President in that
he would not at the end of his term
have to return to the common herd of
bread winners and take up some less
dignified occupation. The first of
these has some little weight, but the
second is not in harmony with our
Republican ideas of the dignity of
labor and of the equality of citizens.
The attempt to make the President
one set apart is not American. The
President in common with every
office holder is the servant of the
people, chosen for a time to a high
place of trust, dignity and honor. His
return to the ranks is an illustration
of the practical equality of all citizens
under the Constitution.—Ex.

THE DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES.

The convention has met, and the
candidates are nominated, and THE
COLUMBIAN is for the ticket straight
through. That is democratic. THE
COLUMBIAN is also in favor of a free
ballot, a fair count, and an honest
return. That also is democratic.
Upon the purity of elections is based
American freedom.

That there was corruption at the
late Democratic primary election in a
number of districts, is a self-evident
fact. The committee on credentials,
appointed by the convention, threw
out the entire vote of two districts
because of "irregularities," and refused
admission to the convention to the
delegates from those districts. What
were those "irregularities?" Why
did not the committee report all the
facts in the case to the convention,
instead of making a general report
recommending that the two districts
be thrown out? Was it because the
facts were such that if made public
some one might be prostrated? We
do not know, and are asking only for
information.

In another district the committee
recounted the vote and found that the
recount divided the delegates between
two certain candidates, instead of
giving them both to one.

In a few other districts there are
allegations of irregularities, but these
are said to have been discovered since
the convention, and no action of any
kind has been taken on them.

There is nothing in any of these
matters, as far as ascertained, that
would change the result of the nomi-
nations. Nor is there any evidence
whatever to connect any of the candi-
dates with any of these irregularities,
and what was done was either through
mistake, or was done by over-zealous
friends of certain candidates.

As these irregularities are about
evenly divided, no one candidate
receiving the benefit of them all, there
is no excuse to be found in them
either for a bolt, or for an independent
candidate for any office. The party
must not be disrupted in this presi-
dential year by any such movement.

At the same time, these matters
cannot be passed silently by, for the
reason that if nothing is said this year,
there will be a repetition of the same
thing next year, with a little more
boldness, and so on, year after year,
as it has been growing, until false
returns and political corruption shall
come to be looked upon as a huge
joke, rather than as a most dangerous
crime that strikes at the foundation
of American institutions.

It is more for the purpose of pro-
viding for the future than of criticising
the past that this discussion is now
entered upon. Can the Democratic
party afford to permit these things to
continue without taking some steps to
prevent them?

The first thing needed is a revision
of the rules, and the adoption of a
system of nomination that does not
require an expert mathematician and
political scientist to figure out results.
We called attention last week to the
chaotic state in which the rules are at
present. It is said that a resolution
for the appointment of a committee
on revision was ready to be presented
to the convention last week, but this
and all other resolutions were lost
sight of in the excitement that pre-
vailed over the nominations for county
offices. This matter ought not to be
longer delayed, and it would be proper
for the county committee to appoint
a committee to revise the rules and
have a report ready to present to the
next convention, as otherwise it will
be two years before anything can be
done.

The second thing needed is the
organization of a committee composed
of a member or members from each
township, who shall make it their duty
to see that there is a free vote, a fair
count, and a true return, and to give
notice beforehand that all violations of
the law relating to the primary elec-
tions will be punished to the fullest
extent.

The purity of the ballot is a prin-
ciple for which Democracy has always
fought. Let the Democracy of Colum-
bia county see to it that this prin-
ciple is no longer violated, and this
can be accomplished by the punish-
ment of all offenders, let the lightning
strike where it may.

Possibilities of Journalism.

During the past two weeks "The
Philadelphia Press" has given a strik-
ing object lesson of what the public
may expect from a great national
newspaper. Although opposed to the
principles which Candidate Bryan
represents, "The Press" is the only
newspaper published in Pennsylvania
which has printed verbatim reports of
all the candidates' speeches. The
achievement was accomplished by the
addition of columns and pages to its
space, so that, with what all the can-
didates have had to say, "The Press"
has given, from day to day, all the
other news of the world in the com-
plete form for which it is famous.

This policy, "The Press" announc-
es, will be continued. The campaign
has already become the most remark-
able in the history of the nation.
The full and fair reports of "The
Philadelphia Press" will be among its
chief ingredients.

PROPOSED CHANGES IN THE EX- ISTING LICENSE LAW.

Distillers, Brewers and Wholesalers Who
Set Upon Back Retailers to be Punished by
Imprisonment.

Different stories have been circulated as to
proposed changes in the existing liquor
license law of the state, to be made by the
coming legislature, but up to this time the
labor of probably a score of gentlemen in-
cluding clergymen, lawyers and business
men of various vocations in that direction
has escaped public notice. These gentlemen,
forming a self-constituted committee, pro-
pose to make some very drastic changes in
the existing law and to this end they are
giving considerable attention not only to the
complexion of the next legislature but to the
"education" of the public mind so that
warm approval of their legislation will come
generally and unanimously from the rural
districts.

One of the chief things this secret but
industrious and eminently respectable or-
ganization proposes to do is to relieve the
bench of cities of the first and second classes
—which means Philadelphia and Pittsburg—
from the arduous and exceedingly annoying
work of hearing applications and granting
licenses. In Philadelphia especially com-
plaint is made of the disagreeable burden
now imposed upon judges of the license
court and the amended act will be so con-
structed as to apply to Philadelphia and
Pittsburg only—probably Philadelphia alone
—and to leave the rural judges to continue
to exercise the duties imposed upon them by
the Brooks law. This will be satisfactory
to the country legislators as well as generally
gratifying to the city members and will be
an eminently popular feature of the bill.
The difficulty seems to be to determine upon
a satisfactory plan for granting licenses in
Philadelphia but that which has thus far
met with the most cordial approval is a
scheme which will provide for the licensing
of any respectable and responsible person
who will pay the necessary license, regard-
less of location (with the exception of nec-
essary restriction as to proximity of schools
and churches) and without regard to the
number of licenses granted. This, they
contend, will amply provide for "the sur-
vival of the fittest" and will give no exclu-
sive and long-continued privileges as the
present law does, especially as now enforced
in Philadelphia.

Another feature of the proposed law is to
break up the ownership or control of retail
houses by distillers, brewers and whole-
salers. One of the attorneys for the orga-
nization states that a very large proportion
of the retail saloons are simply commission
houses, selling spirits and beer for manu-
facturers or wholesalers. The new law will
provide such restrictions as will prevent this
and send many of those now conducting sa-
loons into other businesses or compel them to
look for new sources of capital. It is pro-
posed to make one of the penalties for vio-
lation of this section imprisonment, sending
to the county jail or state prison any brew-
er, distiller or wholesaler who directly or
indirectly controls or in part owns, directly
or indirectly, a retail establishment. To
ferret out and break up all such combinations
a detective system will be necessary provid-
ing for an espionage of brewers and distillers
more rigid than that now exercised by the
United States government over distilleries.
While all this will be unpopular with the
wealthy manufacturers and wholesalers it is
contended that the better class of saloon
keepers generally, as well as the public, will
give it their endorsement.

Those engaged in shaping this proposed
liquor legislation refuse to publicly discuss
any of the other features of it at this time.
They assert, however, that they have long
been engaged in leading public sentiment to
a plane where their measure will meet with
wide approval and, backed by public senti-
ment, they expect to have the legislature
meet their demands. "For once," said one
of the managers yesterday, "we will be
more powerful than the Quays and the Ma-
gees who have heretofore dominated legisla-
tion here. We will not be deceived nor
caught. This is a great moral move which
the public press will be compelled to sup-
port, when it is once fully developed. The
clergy will give it momentum. The farmers,
particularly, will favor it for we mean to
provide a revenue so large as to very con-
siderably relieve local taxation. We want
the makers and sellers of spirits and beer to
pay some of the taxes that our farmers now
groan under."—"Patriot."

Joseph Pulitzer has a penchant for
silence. Last year he had a stone
tower built at his summer home. It
cost him \$100,000, but as it was not
perfectly noise-proof he had it torn
down. It was rebuilt last winter, and
now one could not hear a cannon go
off outside the battlements. The walls
have been filled with mineral
wool, and a noiseless passenger eleva-
tor runs from the editor's sleeping
apartment in the fifth story to the
swimmers pool in the basement.

An exchange says that the trouble
with this world is that there are too
many people in it who will not cast
their bread upon the water unless they
are assured that it will come back in
a few days a full grown sandwich, all
trimmed with ham, butter and must-
ard.

Why

Do people buy Hood's Sarsaparilla in
preference to any other,—in fact almost
to the exclusion of all others?

Because

They know from actual use that Hood's
is the best, i. e., it cures when others fail.
Hood's Sarsaparilla is still made under
the personal supervision of the educated
pharmacist who originated it.

The question of best is just as positively
decided in favor of Hood's as the question
of comparative sales.

Another thing: Every advertisement
of Hood's Sarsaparilla is true, is honest.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1.
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Hood's Pills are the only pills to take
with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND, Merchant TAILOR, AND Hatter.

SUITS
FROM \$18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET STS.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TROUSERS
FROM \$5.00.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Rail-
road for Mount Gretna Farmers' En-
campment.

From August 17 to 21, inclusive,
the Pennsylvania Railroad Company
will sell, for the above occasion, round-
trip tickets to Mount Gretna and re-
turn at rate of one fare for the round
trip, from principal stations between
East Liberty and Bryn Mawr, on the
Northern Central Railway north of
and including Lutherville, and on
the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad
Division. These tickets will be valid
for return passage until August 21,
inclusive.

For information in regard to train
service and specific rates application
should be made to ticket agents.
8-13-21.

Lippincott's Magazine for Sept. 1896.

The complete novel in the Septem-
ber issue of Lippincott's is "A Martial
Liability," by Elizabeth Phipps Train,
well known as the author of "A Social
Highwayman." Its hero chivalrously
bears the punishment of another's
crime, but ultimately gets his deserts,
which are high.

"A Hard Answer, and How it
Turned Away Wrath," is a brief but
vigorous Texan tale by Alice Mac-
Gowan. Henry A. Parker tells "How
Hawkins was Regulated," which was
in a manner wholly unexpected by the
Regulators.

"A Painting of Apelles," of which
Wolf von Schierbrand writes, is sup-
posed to be secretly preserved in a
monastery of Mount Athos, and to be
copied by a Greek artist, who had to
become a monk to obtain access to it.

Jean Theodore van Gestel, the
Dutch explorer in the East Indies,
describes "A Tiger-Hunt in Borneo,"
which had no tiger in it, but was not
the less dangerous for that.

"The Natural History of Fiatism"
is acutely studied by Fred. Perry
Powers, in a way more complimentary
to the advocates of free silver than to
their opinions. They and their an-
cestors—all native Americans—he ex-
plains, have accomplished such mar-
vels in upbuilding a new country that
they think they can do anything.
"What have we to do with abroad?"
What are the laws of Trade and the
lessons of the Past to us? Let us
have our own finance, our own political
economy, our own ideas and ar-
rangements about everything, irre-
spective of the Old World and its
effete monarchies.

Dr. A. L. Benedict has an interest-
ing and instructive paper on "The
Life of a Medical Student." Theo-
dore Stanton details the "Advantages
of International Exhibitions," and the
late Col. John A. Cockerill, whose
journalistic fame was won in cities,
tells "How to Conduct a Local
Newspaper."

"Heroines, Past and Present," are
lightly handled by Nina R. Allen.
For "Company" Dr. Charles C. Abbott
evidently has little liking.

The verse of the number is by
Mary E. Stickney, Clinton Scollard,
and Robert Gilbert Walsh.

G. A. R. Reunion at Island Park. August
28th. 1896.

On account of the G. A. R. Re-
union at Island Park, between Sun-
bury and Northumberland, Friday,
August 28th, the Pennsylvania Rail-
road Co. will sell excursion tickets at
single fare for the round trip to Sun-
bury and return, limited to day of
issue, from Newbury, Millinburg,
Nesqueop, Mt. Carmel and interme-
diate stations.

HUMPHREYS'

Nothing has ever been produced to
equal or compare with Humphreys'
Witch Hazel Oil as a CURATIVE and
HEALING APPLICATION. It has been
used 40 years and always affords relief
and always gives satisfaction.

It Cures PILES or HEMORRHOIDS, External
or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and
Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas.
Relief immediate—cure certain.

It Cures BURNS, Scalds and Ulceration and
Contraction from Burns. Relief instant.

It Cures TORN, Cut and Lacerated
Wounds and Bruises.

It Cures Boils, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Old
Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald
Head. It is infallible.

It Cures INFLAMED or CAKED BREASTS,
and Sore Nipples. It is invaluable.

It Cures SALT RHEUM, Tetters, Scurfy
Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters,
Sore Lips or Nostrils, Corns and Bunions,
Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00.
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' BROS., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

Progressive Merchandising

Demands that the stocks at the beginning of a season shall not
be choked with the broken lots left from the previous season's
business. Hence the exceptional offerings at this time.
Think it will pay you to investigate these lots:

Plain Black Mohairs.

Good all the year round and the
most economical gown fabric you can
buy. Got 3 special lots for you to in-
vestigate. They have width, lustre
and weight, but the strongest argu-
ment in their favor is the price.

One lot 38 in. wide, extra nice, 50c.
One lot 42 in. wide, heavy, 65c.
One lot 46 in. wide, examine this
one; \$1.00.

Silks.

Wash silks we put on sale at a price
to move them. Lots of waist patterns
among them. We have them out
where you can see them. Nothing
wrong only the price, 25c. the yd.
White and black striped 25c. the yd.

Muslin Underwear.

You know our reputation in this im-
portant branch of our business. The
mean "slop shop" article we do not
handle. Cotton underwear as you
would have it made, that's the kind
we sell.

Night gowns, low neck, full sleeve
and extra wide, 40c. and 65c.

Drawers, extra wide, plain with
three tucks, 28c.

Drawers, extra wide, with tucks and
fine embroidery, 50c.

Corset covers, for low and high
neck dresses, 15 and 25c.

Skirts, correctly made, extra wide,
28 and 50c.

A Sheet and Pillow Case Affair.

It don't pay to buy the goods and
have them made in the face of these
prices. Figure the cost of material
and then wonder how it is done.

Sheets made from good muslin just
as you would make them. in 9-4, 50c.
10-4, 65c.

Pillow case slips, 12½c. and 16c.

Look at these, then come and buy.

The best of calico, good as any you
can buy, 4½c. the yard.

Just rec'd a lot of good unbleached
muslin that we are selling, 25 yds.
\$1.00.

Shirtings, think of the prices, and
we are not ashamed of the quality of
the goods, 6c. to 12½c. the yd.

Corsets.

We sell nothing but the best in cor-
sets, the same as we do in everything
else. Our corsets are made right and
fit to perfection. Long waisted, short
waisted, in fact everything in the
shape of a corset that you may want.
Have you tried the Armorside? We
guarantee it not to heap down at the
sides.

Sole agents for Thompson's glove
fitting corsets.

Pursel & Harman,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ASKS \$5000 DAMAGES.

A Philadelphian Sues a Shenandoah
Hotel-Keeper.

Marks Bacharach, of Philadelphia,
has instituted suit in court at Potts-
ville against Thomas H. Hutchinson,
of the Ferguson House, Shenandoah.
The suit is an action in trespass and
the damages claimed are \$5000.

Mr. Bacharach alleges that the
hotel proprietor refused to let him
have his sample trunks when request-
ed, and that he was thus deprived of
keeping an important business engage-
ment.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the
shoes. At this season your feet feel
swollen and hot, and get tired easily.
If you have smarting feet or tight
shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools
the feet and makes walking easy.
Cures and prevents swollen and sweat-
ing feet, blisters and callous spots.
Relieves corns and bunions of all
pains and gives rest and comfort. Try
it to-day. At druggists or shoe stores.
By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial
package FREE. Allen S. Olmstead,
Le Roy, N. Y. 8-6-4td.

Reduced Rates to Grangers' Picnic at
Williams' Grove via Pennsyl-
vania Railroad.

For the accommodation of persons
desiring to attend this interesting pic-
nic and exhibition, the Pennsylvania
Railroad Company will sell excursion
tickets on August 22, 24, 25, 26, 27,
28, good to return until August
31, inclusive, AT RATE OF ONE FARE
FOR THE ROUND TRIP, from principal
stations between East Liberty and
Bryn Mawr, on the Northern Central
Railway north of and including Lu-
therville, and on the Philadelphia and
Erie Railroad Division.

For information in regard to train
service and specific rates, application
should be made to ticket agents. 3t.

Partner wanted with small capital
in an old established Poultry, Egg &
Butter business, doing a large trade;
or will sell.

83 Northampton St.,
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

7-23-4t.

Wanted—An Idea
Who can think of some simple
thing to patent?
Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attor-
neys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer
and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order issued out of the Or-
phans' Court of Columbia county, the under-
signed Administrator of Mary J. Vanhorn, late
of Hemlock township, deceased, will expose to
public sale on the premises in Hemlock town-
ship, Columbia county, Pa., two miles from
Beckhorn, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1896,
at 10 o'clock a. m., the following farm and tract
of real estate:

All that certain piece, parcel and tract of
land situate in the township of Hemlock, coun-
ty of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania,
bounded and described as follows: Beginning
at a stone corner standing at the side of the
road leading from Jerseytown to Bloomsburg,
thence along said road and lands of
Hartline, north 19 degrees and three-fourths west
sixty-five perches to a black oak; thence north
forty-three degrees and one-half east seventy
one perches to a pine; thence north thirty
eight and one-half degrees west one hundred
and five perches to an oak; thence by land
formerly owned by Frederick Fable, north
forty-three and one-half degrees east twenty-
two perches to a chestnut oak; thence by land
formerly owned by heirs of Frederick Reichart,
eighty-six perches to a post; thence by land
formerly owned by Michael Whittenburg, south
one and one quarter degrees east two hundred
and twenty-one perches and five-tenths to a
pine; thence by land formerly owned by Henry
Bomboy, north eighty-one and a quarter de-
grees west sixty-eight perches to place of be-
ginning, containing

96 ACRES,

and one hundred and fifty-two perches, be the
same, more or less.

There is erected upon said tract of land two
sets of farm buildings, consisting of

TWO HOUSES AND BARN,

all in good state of repair. There is excellent
water on the premises and is in close proximity
to churches, school houses and stores. All
personal property and grain in the ground is
reserved. Purchaser to pay for deed.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per centum of one-
fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at
the striking down of the property; the one-
fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirma-
tion absolute, and the remaining three-fourths
in one year after confirmation nisi, with inter-
est from that date.

H. W. SHADE,

GRANT HERRING, Atty.

Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1896.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

Jesse Hicks has moved to Orangeville.

William Reice is home from Philadelphia for a short visit.

J. G. Wells spent a day in Philadelphia for a short visit.

J. M. Smith Esq., of Jerseytown spent Friday in Bloomsburg.

A. M. Derr attended the Fonda horse sale at Milton last week, and purchased a good saddle horse.

Judge Ikeler is at Pottsville this week, hearing evidence in the Lyons-Dunn judicial contest.

Postmaster Mercer was able to come up town on Saturday, and has resumed his official duties.

Rev. D. N. Kirkby and family are spending this month with relatives in Brooklyn, and Rye, New York.

Mrs. Judge Rupert and daughter, Miss Eva, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Steck at Hughesville.

Harold Lingle of Bellefonte is visiting his grandfather J. J. Brower, and his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Wintersteen.

W. S. Moyer and family went to Atlantic City on Wednesday, for a sojourn of two weeks. They will also visit Cape May.

M. I. Brittain and family of Washington, D. C., are visiting his mother on First Street. He is clerk in the Interior Department.

Miss Dora Ringler has been entertaining her cousins, Miss Grace Ringler of Milton, and Miss Ida Ringler of Philadelphia, during the past week.

Deemer Bidleman, editor of the Shick-shinny "Democrat," was affected by the heat last Friday, and confined to the house for several days.

Joshua W. Comely Esq., of Danville, and his nephew John Norris of Milton have been spending the past week at B. W. Long's at Sugarloaf Station.

C. M. Stauffer who formerly attended the Normal and played the violin in Elwell's Orchestra, is teaching music at Hazleton, and is organizing a new orchestra there.

Miss Lou Jameson returned home last Saturday after an absence of several weeks. She spent most of the time at Belmar, a beautiful seaside resort in New Jersey.

E. W. Elwell of Towanda came down on Saturday to visit his relatives here. He returned on Tuesday, and was accompanied by his wife who had been here several weeks.

G. E. Distelhurst is stopping at the Exchange. He is engaged in putting on the market two inventions of his own, one being a patent safety hat-rack for hotels, and the other a breath purifier.

Evan Bittenbender of Constantine, Mich., was the guest of his daughter Mrs. J. L. Richardson this week. He was here looking after his property, and with a view to making further investments here.

J. E. Roys went to his former home, Lyons, New York, on Monday, to transact some business. His wife accompanied him to Tunkhannock, where she is visiting her relatives. They will be absent a week or ten days.

The public schools will open on September 7th.

The school board will hold a meeting on Friday evening.

Li Hung Chang will visit this country the last of this month.

Several cases of diphtheria are reported at Zion Grove, Schuylkill County.

The COLUMBIAN will be sent from now until after the election for 25 cents. Subscribe for it.

Horace B. Packer of Tioga has been nominated for congress by the Republicans of the sixteenth district.

Services in the Episcopal church will be resumed on the first Sunday in September.

A new school house, under the care of the Sisters, is to be erected in Centralia, opposite St. Ignatius' Church.

There was a decided change in the weather Sunday night and Monday morning was as cool as a fall day.

There have been nine dogs killed in the pound. Only two have been claimed.

Two tramps were committed to jail for ten days by President Holmes on Friday.

The Solleder building is having a second story addition put on it. It is occupied by L. Lyons, the butcher.

Sewing and needle-work are to be introduced in the model school next term.

The dates on some of the rare old books offered for sale in Paris shows that they were issued before the invention of printing.

It is hard to lose a friend—to see them clipping from you one by one—but it is harder still to find a towel with your eyes full of soap.

Quite a number of political slates have been smashed during the past two weeks. "The best laid plans of mice and men, oft gang a-glee."

There will be regular preaching services at the Lutheran church, by the pastor next Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours.

Harry S. Gross and Miss Sarah A. Black of Berwick, were united in marriage by Rev. Mr. McLinn, at the Lutheran Parsonage on Monday morning at ten o'clock.

The result of last Saturday's Republican primary elections would seem to indicate that they do not require any outside assistance in running their machine.

Tricks at the primary elections are by no means confined to the Democratic party. If reports be true, there was "beer and boodle" intermingled with the Republican primaries too.

Says a philosopher: "No thoroughly occupied man was ever miserable." Probably this philosopher never spent a forenoon among his friends trying to borrow a five-shilling piece.

Charles Watson McKelvy has greatly improved his property on Market street, by making an addition of fifty feet to the lot, grading and sodding the same, and placing a neat iron fence along the front.

An examination of applicants for Teacher's Permanent Certificates will be held in the High School Building, Bloomsburg, Saturday Aug. 22, at 9 A. M.

Applicants are requested to provide themselves with pens, ink, and paper.

There will be a Lunch and Ice Cream Social in Laubach's grove at Forks, on Saturday afternoon and evening, Aug. 22, from 5:30 to 10:30. Proceeds for repairing Zion church. Choice music and recitations will be rendered. We anticipate a good time. All are invited.

The remains of Jacob Mellick were brought here on Tuesday at noon, and were taken out to the Vander-slice graveyard for burial. He died in Pittston on Sunday at an advanced age. He formerly resided in Mt. Pleasant township. Two daughters who reside in Pittston, and one son, Amos, who lives on the Shaffer farm beyond Irondale, survive him.

Reports from various sources indicate that the demand for bicycles in England and the other European countries is fully equal to the home demand. The inability of English and other dealers to meet the demand in opening up a market for American wheels, and as they are superior in weight, strength and appearance, the demand for them is increasing.

There are rumors afloat that there will be some independent candidates for county offices in the field. Better think twice, gentlemen, before acting.

The concert given by the band on Wednesday evening on Market Square was largely attended, and the music, under the direction of Mr. Blair, was well rendered.

A philosopher says that nothing seems to please a fly so much as to be mistaken for something to eat, and if it can be baked in a cake and palmed off on the unwary as a current, it dies happy.

Different sounds travel with different velocity. A call to dinner will run over a ten-acre field in a moment and a half, while a summons to return to work takes from five to eight minutes.

The following letters are advertised August 18, 1896. B. F. Hull, Jas. Loss, Mrs. Lucinda Pursel, Mrs. Bro. Yoast. Cards: William Gooman, W. Lewis, E. Oram Lyte, M. Newberger (2), Stephen Smith, Thos. Swisher. Will be sent to the dead letter office September 1, 1896.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

Our genial Rupert friend, W. M. Monroe, who was nominated by the Republicans last Monday for Register and Recorder, will not take the defeat that awaits him seriously to heart. He has been sacrificed upon the party altar before, and he is used to it. The convention would not listen to his declination, and he had to go on the ticket in spite of his protest.

A festival will be held at St. Gabriel's Church, near Coles Creek, on Saturday evening, August 22nd. Keller's ice cream, and all the fruits of the season, will be served. A cordial invitation is given the public to attend, and every effort will be put forth to make the occasion a pleasant and enjoyable one to all present.

The application of Peter Lenahan for a writ of quo warranto against Patrick J. Kane, one of the overseers of the poor in the Centralia poor district of Columbia county, has been refused by Attorney General McCormick. It is a contest over an election to the office which the department thinks can be settled in the courts of the county.

And now it is the seductive "malt extract" on which temperance totalitarians have begun their war. Some of them had one of the malt extracts on the market chemically analyzed. Their blood froze with horror on being told by the chemist that the compound so highly recommended as a building up medicine contained more alcohol than beer, corn beer at that.

Harvest Home Services will be held under the pastorate of Rev. A. Houtz as follows: On Sunday August 23, Hilday at 2:30 A. M. and Brier-creek at 2:30 P. M.; and on Sunday August 30, Zion at 10:30 A. M., St. James at 2:15 P. M. and Orangeville at 7:45 P. M. The churches will be decorated for the occasion. All are invited. Please bear in mind that a harvest thank offering is expected from every member of the church. If you cannot come, send your offering.

O. T. Wilson made a good fight for the commissionership, considering the odds against him. Nearly all the Republican leaders of the town were against him. Among the arguments used to defeat him were the facts that he bolted the ticket and ran independently for Bloom Poor Director, a couple of years ago, and that if he were nominated there would be two commissioners from Bloom and one from the adjoining township of Montour.

Another Attempt to Fly.

Inventors Hope to Solve the Problem of Aerial Navigation.

Cusba brothers, aeronauts, of Walkerton, Indiana, are constructing an air ship consisting of a cigar-shaped balloon with a car underneath. The balloon will be 15 feet long and four feet in diameter, and will be constructed of oiled silk. The car will be five feet long.

A battery for the manufacture of gas will be placed in the car which will furnish the ship with a continuous supply of gas. There will be one propeller at the rear of the ship and two in front. The air ship is being built for public tests, and if it prove satisfactory the Cusba brothers are confident they can solve the problem of aerial navigation.

Lutheran Reunion at Island Park, August 27th, 1896.

For the accommodation of persons desiring to attend the Lutheran Reunion at Island Park, between Sunbury and Northumberland, Thursday, August 27th, the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will sell excursion tickets from Lock Haven, Glen Iron, East Bloomsburg, Mt. Carmel, Lykens, Harrisburg and intermediate stations to Sunbury and return, good only on day of issue, at a Single Fare for the Round Trip.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

To the Voters and Taxpayers of Columbia County.

I desire at this time to express my sincere thanks to the Democratic voters of Columbia County who so heartily supported me as a candidate for County Commissioner at the late Democratic delegate election, and in as much as the people of the south side have been deprived of their just representation on the Democratic ticket, I herewith announce my name as an Independent candidate for the office of County Commissioner, and respectfully solicit the support of all voters who believe in a fair distribution of this office among the people on both sides of the river.

W. H. FISHER.

BASE BALL NOTES.

The Bloomsburg club played its last game two weeks ago defeating Milton Central League team with ease, the club was very poorly supported even when playing good ball, so it was thought best to disband.

The Demorests of Williamsport, defeated Sunbury on Monday, 12 to 4. Watts, an old Bloomsburg player, is playing third base for Sunbury.

The National League season is drawing to a close, and Baltimore will again fly the flag of '96, with Cleveland a good second.

The "Phillies" are playing a very indifferent game and the indications are that they will finish lower in the race than ever before.

Cincinnati is furnishing quite a surprise, for the other cities, staying right at the top of the ladder, and if they could finish the season at home, would make it lively for the leaders, but the eastern trip will prove more or less disastrous to them.

New York, at one time the greatest base ball city in the world, is very sore at the poor showing of their pets, and the thousands of admirers who used to turn out daily to witness the games, have dwindled down, till now hardly any one finds time to go out and see the "Giants" beaten in nearly every game they play.

St. Louis and Louisville are both fighting for last place, with honors evenly divided.

Candidate Bryan is a great lover of base ball and should be elected in November, Washington will doubtless have a regular attendant at their games next season.

Setley, who will be remembered by many as the "trickiest" player who ever donned a Bloomsburg uniform is pitching great ball in the Atlantic League, he held Wilmington down to two hits on Saturday.

Burkett of Cleveland, has made his 15th hit of the year, thus proving himself to be the best batter in the League.

The Baltimore Club took in \$20,000 on the last western trip of three weeks, and \$18,000 on the first making a total of \$38,000, this alone will more than pay all their expenses for the year.

Quinn, of the Baltimores, is said to be a fine singer and is a regular member of a church choir in St. Louis during the winter.

The Cincinnati are the only club in the league that have not sustained a shut out this season, they have administered the dose to a majority of their competitors, however.

The Houston Club of the Texas League, of whom Chas. Shaffer, son of Samuel Shaffer, of this town is manager and captain, won the pennant of the first season, and is leading the race for the second half.

Special Sale of Neckwear.

Through a very important purchase we are enabled to offer one hundred dozen of the very newest Autumn shapes and colors in neckwear made up in imperials, four-in-hands, tecksbows and ties at 23 cts. These are exceptional value but we place no limit on purchasing as many as you please—but do so quickly if you expect to get any—we also place on sale 25 dozen Dresden bows & ties the 25ct. quality at 10 cts each. Our windows and case will give you an idea.

J. M. GIDDING & Co.

Greatly Reduced Rates to Cleveland, Ohio, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the Biennial Encampment of the Knights of Pythias, to be held at Cleveland, Ohio, August 23 to 30, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell from all stations on its system, on August 22 to 24 inclusive, special excursion tickets to Cleveland at a fare and a third for the round trip, good to return leaving Cleveland August 27 to 31 inclusive.

AUGUST

We take this month for cleaning up all the remaining summer goods. The prices have been reduced to the lowest possible point. On many, below cost. There is an opportunity for you to do wise buying.

Shirt Waists. All that's left of the \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.00 ones, now 50c. each.

Barnaby Fine Dress Gingham. The remainder of these now 10c. yd.

Crepon Skirts. A few of these. They must go. Now 95c. each.

Separate Dress Skirts. We call attention to our line of special skirts, all dress-maker made at \$5.00 each.

Small Articles.
Belt holders, 10c.
Belt pins, 1c. each.
Belt buckles, 15c. each.
White kid belts, 25c. each.
Black silk belts, 25c. each.
Shirt waist sets, 7c., 10c., 15c. and 25c.
Belt bags, 15c. and 25c.
Kid curlers, 5c., 10c. and 15c.
Curling irons, 3c., 5c., 8c., 10c.
Tape measures, 5c., 10c., and 25c.
100 yd. best silk, 8c. spool.
Knitting silk, 5c. ball.
Fans from 1c. up.

American Lady Corsets, \$1.00. Try them.

150 ladies' ribbed vests, lace fronts, 15c. each.

Pocket books and chatelaine bags.

A new complete line ready to-day.

Printed Dimities. All that's left of the 25c., 22c. and 20c goods of these now 12½c. yd.

Lapped Silks. What there is left of these goods, now 29c. yd.

Figured Mohairs. 38 in. wide, nice colorings, now 50c. yd.

Black Brocade Silks. A special line. 1 lot at 55c. yd. 1 lot at 85c. yd.

Pocket books all prices.

Here and There in the Store.
50 in. linen, 35c. yd.
Roller crash, 3½c. yd.
Barnaby heavy crash, 12½c. yd.
2 pair men's good hose for 25c.
Ladies' fast black hose, 5c. pair.
Children's hose, 5c. pair.
Derby curtains, \$3.00 ir.
Turkish towels, 30c. pa.
Soap and towel, 10c. package.
Pear's soap, 12c. cake.
Table spreads, \$1.75—big.
32 in. Venetian silks, 55c. yd.

Model Form Corsets, \$1.00. Best shape made.

Telescopes and Bags. A full line at lowest prices—also dress suit cases.

H. J. CLARK & SON

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

The Month of August is running up in date, and our Goods for the same are running down in prices.

If you wish to take advantage of the low prices for this month you have a week or two left.

Our new addition or annex to the store, will be ready this week. Then what? Why, room for coats, capes, wrappers and all that class of goods, with curtains, chenille covers, and all their fixtures.

The dress goods counter has received extra room, so that light will be better and more room to display.

Moving many articles from the front to the annex will give us extra room for hosiery, gloves, underwear, belts, buckles, combs, ties, shirt waist sets, belt pins, rings, studs, laces, ribbons, pocket books, card cases, embroideries, braids, fringes, side combs, hair pins, veillings, brushes, &c.

Our fine dishes will have room for better showing.

The new fall patterns are in. We keep a full line of Standard Fashions which have been reduced in price the last year. Send one cent postage stamp for sheet, and two cents on five or ten cent book.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Stopped Has It?

"It Was Such a Good Watch."

I have never had it repaired, and have had it five years." This is a remark we hear nearly every day. Is it any wonder watches go to pieces? A watch is a very delicate piece of mechanism, and to give satisfaction and wear a life time, should be cleaned every eighteen months or two years. Has yours been attended to? If not, bring it in. Our work is guaranteed and prices right.

HESS BROS.

Jewelers, Opticians and Stationers.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

See the non-rust tin ware at the Bloomsburg Store Co.

For want of use a fine gray mare will be sold cheap. She is nine years old and a fine driver.

J. W. CONNER,

Orangeville, Pa.

Non-rust tin ware at Bloomsburg Store Co. is the best thing out. Pretty, cheap and durable. See it.

Fine all wool made to measure by fine merchant tailoring suits \$10.00, trousers \$2.50, at Maier's, the Tailor. No one can make first class work more reasonably than ours. The most extensive line of cloths and cassimere to select from. Maier's, the Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher.

2t.

For a cool and refreshing drink try our milk shake. I. G. Deitrick.

P. Solleder and Company have just received a large supply of sole, harness and lace leather. Wholesale and retail at bottom prices.

Try a can of Hopkins' Steamed Hominy (Hulled Corn.) It is delicious. Full qt., 10c. 7-23-4t.

Have you tried Deitrick's ice cream? If not, why not.

For Rent.

The third floor of the COLUMBIAN building is for rent. It is 25 by 75 feet, and will be partitioned off to suit a tenant for a term of years. Heated by steam, lighted with gas or electricity, and supplied with water. Inquire of Geo. E. Elwell.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some shape of some shape? Write JOHN W. DEITRICK & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for their \$1.00 price office and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. A pleasant laxative. All Druggists.



Cleveland, Stearns, Keating,
Envoy and Stormer Bicycles.

W. SARISHTON, Art.
Opposite Post Office.

FORMALLY INFORMED.

The Official Notification To The Democratic Candidates.

Mr. Bryan's Eloquent Speech Listened to by Thousands at the Madison Square Garden in New York—Mr. Sewall Makes a Short Address.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska and Arthur Sewall of Maine were last night formally notified of their nomination by the Democratic party for the offices of president and vice president at a meeting in the big Madison Square Garden, which was a notable political event and a remarkable climax to the remarkable tour of the presidential candidate across half the continent. An army of unnumbered thousands filled the streets for several squares about the building in vain hope of securing admission. In the hall, which was like a fiery furnace, Mr. Bryan spoke to 20,000 ticket holders for nearly two hours. His address dealt almost entirely with the financial question, was more argumentative and less eloquent than his historic Chicago speech, which won for him a presidential nomination, and only in a closing appeal to the citizens of New York did he speak in the strain which had captured the Chicago convention. He was surrounded by many of the silver leaders—Jones of Arkansas, Blackburn of Kentucky, Silver Dick Bland, St. John of New York, Stewart of Nevada, Tillman of South Carolina, George Fred Williams of Massachusetts—some of whom had been rival aspirants for his place, on the ticket. Hon. Elliot Danforth presided and Governor Stone of Missouri made the notification speech, to which Mr. Bryan replied.

MR. BRYAN SPEAKS.

Mr. Brynn began his address by saying that at some future day and in a formal letter he would accept the nomination now tendered by the notification committee. "It is fitting, however," he said, "that at this time, in the presence of those here assembled, I speak at some length in regard to the campaign upon which we are now entering. We do not underestimate the forces arrayed against us, nor are we unmindful of the importance of the struggle in which we are engaged, but, relying for success upon the righteousness of our cause, we shall defend with all possible vigor the positions taken by our party. We are not surprised that some of our opponents, in the absence of better argument, resort to abusive epithets, but they may rest assured that no language, however violent, no invectives, however vehement, will lead us to depart a single hair's breadth from the course marked out by the national convention. The citizen, either public or private, who assails the character and questions the patriotism of the delegates assembled in the Chicago convention assails the character and questions the patriotism of the millions who have arrayed themselves under the banner there raised.

"It has been charged by men standing high in business and political circles that our platform is a menace to private security and public safety, and it has been asserted that those whom I have the honor for the time being to represent not only meditate an attack upon the rights of property, but are the foes both of social order and national honor.

"Those who stand upon the Chicago platform are prepared to make known and to defend every motive which influences them, every purpose which animates them and every hope which inspires them. They understand the genius of our institutions; they are staunch supporters of the form of government under which we live, and they build their faith upon foundations laid by the fathers. Andrew Jackson has stated with admirable clearness and with an emphasis which cannot be surpassed both the duty and the sphere of government. He said: 'Distinctions in society will always exist under every just government. Equality of talents, of education or of wealth cannot be produced by human institutions. In the full enjoyment of the gifts of heaven and the fruits of superior industry, economy and virtue every man is equally entitled to protection by law.' We yield to none in our devotion to the doctrine just enunciated. Our campaign has not for its object the reconstruction of society. We cannot insure to the vicious the fruits of a virtuous life; we would not invade the home of the provident in order to supply the wants of the spendthrift; we do not propose to transfer the rewards of industry to the lap of indolence. Property is and will remain the stimulus to endeavor and the compensation for toil. We believe, as asserted in the Declaration of Independence, that all men are created equal, but that does not mean that all men are or can be equal in possessions, in ability or in merit. It simply means that all shall stand equal before the law, and that government officials shall not, in making, construing or

enforcing the law, discriminate between citizens.

"I assert that property rights, as well as the rights of persons, are safe in the hands of the common people. Abraham Lincoln, in his message sent to congress in December, 1861, said: 'No man living are more worthy to be trusted than those who toil up from poverty, none less inclined to take or touch aught which they have not honestly earned.'

"I repeat his language with unqualified approval and join with him to the warning which he added—namely, 'Let them beware of surrendering a political power which they already possess, and which power if surrendered will surely be used to close the doors of advancement against such as they and to fix new disabilities and burdens upon them till all of liberty shall be lost.' Those who daily follow the injunction, 'In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread,' are now, as they ever have been, the bulwark of law and order, the source of our nation's greatness in time of peace and its surest defenders in time of war."

Mr. Bryan then proceeded with an elaborate and exhaustive argument in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and spoke at length in explanation and approval of the platform adopted at the Chicago convention.

A WORD TO NEW YORKERS

In conclusion Mr. Bryan said, addressing himself especially to the citizens of New York and the east: "I have traveled from the center of the continent to the seaboard that I might, in the very beginning of the campaign, bring you greeting from the people of the west and south and assure you that their desire is not to destroy, but to build up. They invite you to accept the principles of a living faith rather than listen to those who preach the gospel of despair and advise endurance of the ills you have. The advocates of free coinage believe that in striving to secure the immediate restoration of bimetalism they are laboring in your behalf as well as in their own behalf. A few of your people may prosper under present conditions, but the permanent welfare of New York rests upon the producers of wealth. This great city is built upon the commerce of the nation and must suffer if that commerce is impaired. You cannot sell unless the people have money with which to buy, and they cannot obtain the money with which to buy unless they are able to sell their products at remunerative prices. Production of wealth goes before the exchange of wealth. Those who create must secure a profit before they have anything to share with others. You cannot afford to join the money changers in supporting a financial policy which, by destroying the purchasing power of the products of toil, must in the end discourage the creation of wealth.

"I ask, I expect your co-operation. It is true that a few of your financiers would fashion a new figure, a figure representing Columbia, her hands bound fast with fetters of gold and her face turned toward the east, appearing for assistance to those who live beyond the sea, but this figure can never express your idea of this nation. You will rather turn for inspiration to the heroic statue which guards the entrance to your city—a statue as patriotic in conception as it is colossal in proportions. It was the gracious gift of a sister republic and stands upon a pedestal which was built by the American people. That figure, Liberty, enlightening the world, is emblematic of the mission of our nation among the nations of the earth. With a government which derives its powers from the consent of the governed, secures to all the people freedom of conscience, freedom of thought and freedom of speech, guarantees equal rights to all and promises special privileges to none, the United States should be an example in all that is good and the leading spirit in every movement which has for its object the uplifting of the human race."

NOTIFICATION OF SEWALL.

At the conclusion of Mr. Bryan's speech the chairman introduced the vice presidential nominee, Arthur Sewall, and Governor Stone presented him with the formal nomination document. Candidate Sewall was very heartily cheered when he stepped forward, after he, with Silver Dick Bland and other leaders on the stage, had grasped Bryan's hand in congratulation. Mr. Sewall wore a black frockcoat buttoned about his breast tightly. He makes no pretensions to oratorical ability, and although his voice might fill an ordinary hall it was hardly equal to Madison Square Garden, with hundreds trampling about the floor. Mr. Sewall said:

"You have given me official notice of my selection by the Democratic national convention as its candidate for vice president. For the courteous terms of your message and the kind personal expressions I thank you. Having been present at that great convention, I can more truly estimate the honor its action has conferred."

"It was the greatest and most earnest convention in the history of

our party. It was closer and more in touch with the people. The delegates were there to voice the sentiments of their constituents, the people of the party, for the people of the party controlled and conducted that convention.

"The Democracy of the country realize that all the great principles of our party are as potent and essential to the well being of the country today as they have always been and as they ever will be, but the overshadowing before the country now, made dominant by the distressed condition prevailing throughout the land, is the demand for reform in our existing monetary system. Our party and, we believe, a great majority of the American people, are convinced that the legislation of 1873 demonetizing silver was a wrong inflicted upon our country which should and must be righted.

"We believe that the single gold standard has so narrowed the base of our monetary structure that it is unstable and unsafe, and dwarfed it in its development and in its power to furnish the necessary financial blood to the nation that commercial and industrial paralysis has followed.

"We believe that we need and must have the broad and expanding foundation of both gold and silver to support a monetary system strong and stable, capable of meeting the demands of a growing country and an industrious, energetic and enterprising people, a system that will not be weakened and panic stricken by every foreign draft upon us, a system that will maintain a parity of just values in the nation's money and protect us from the frequent fluctuations of to-day so disastrous to every business and industry of the land.

DEMAND FOR FREE COINAGE.

"We demand the free coinage of silver, the opening of our mints to both money metals without discrimination, the return to the money of our fathers, the money of the constitution, gold and silver.

"We believe this is the remedy and the only remedy for the evil from which we are now suffering, the evil that is now so fast devastating and impoverishing our land and people, bringing poverty to our homes and bankruptcy to our business, which if allowed to continue, will grow until our very institutions are threatened.

"The demonetization of silver has thrown the whole primary money function on gold, appreciating its value and purchasing power. Restore the money function to silver, and silver will appreciate and its purchasing power increase. Take from gold its monopoly, its value will be reduced, and in due course the parity of the two metals will again obtain under natural causes.

"We shall then have a broad and unlimited foundation for a monetary system, commensurate with our country's needs and future development, not the unsafe basis of to-day, reduced by half by the removal of silver and continually undermined by foreigners carrying from us our gold. This is the reform to which we are pledged, the reform the people demand, the return to the monetary system of over 80 years of our national existence. The Democratic party has already given its approval and its pledge. Our opponents admit the wisdom of the principle for which we contend, but ask us to await permission and co-operation of other nations. Our people will not wait. They will not ask permission of any nation on earth to relieve themselves of the cause of their distress. The issue has been made. The people stand ready to render their verdict next November.

"Mr. Chairman, unequivocally and through sincere conviction, I endorse the platform on which I have been nominated. I believe we are right. The people are with us, and what the people declare is always right and must prevail. I accept the nomination, and, with the people's confirmation, every effort of which God shall render me capable will be exerted in support of the principles involved."

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Sewall's address the meeting was declared adjourned.

After the notification meeting Mr. Bryan was driven to the Hotel Bartholdi, facing Madison square, where he spoke again, standing on a balcony, with Mr. Sewall and Mrs. Bryan, who shared with her husband all the honors and attention of the occasion. This second audience, standing in the streets, seemed to be composed mostly of workmen, and Mr. Bryan exhorted them to support the cause of free silver with one of the most effective open air speeches which he has made in the campaign.

Lesser lights of the party held overflow meetings on the streets and made speeches during the Garden meeting, so that the opening of the Democratic campaign in the city made an exceedingly lively night.

Great sales prove the great merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and great merit enables it to accomplish wonderful cures.

"How beautifully it pumps!" said the professional interviewer, gazing admiringly at the mosquito.

BRYAN'S EARLY ROMANCE.

His Attention to His Wife While They Were at School in Illinois.

There is a romance connected with the early acquaintance of William Jennings Bryan with Miss Mary Baird, now Mrs. Bryan, which has never been published. Only a few persons know the story. One of this number is a Topeka man, who relates it.

At the same time that Miss Baird was a student in the Jacksonville female college at Jacksonville, Ill., young Bryan was attending the Illinois college at the same place. After a certain hour in the afternoon the young ladies of the college were free to promenade about the college grounds, and while enjoying this recreation took the opportunity to "flirt" with the boys from the Illinois college, who were invariably on hand.

It was during these promenades that Miss Baird attracted the attention of young Bryan, and a flirtation was commenced. This led to an acquaintance, and a meeting was arranged at the home of a relative of the young lady, in the suburbs of Jacksonville. The first meeting was but a forerunner of a series of weekly visits by both parties to the same place.

But the enjoyment of the young couple was not allowed to proceed without interruption. The matter came to the ears of the president of the female college, and he at once called Miss Baird to him and questioned her concerning it. She acknowledged that she had been in the habit of meeting young Bryan and as such conduct was distinctly against the rules of the college, her sentence was expulsion. She was ordered to be in readiness to leave the college at a certain date.

The news of Miss Baird's expulsion reached Bryan the same day, and without waiting to map out any plans of procedure he hastened to the president's office. Young Bryan was even then the prize orator of the Illinois college, and he started in to convince the president that he had taken the wrong course, and that the expulsion was unwarranted.

A few days prior to this event Bryan had written the parents of Miss Baird asking their consent to visit the young lady. Although he had not received a reply, he presumed on an affirmative answer, and told the president that he had the consent of the young lady's parents and that his intentions were entirely honorable. He also presumed upon the affections of the young lady and stated that their formal engagement was only a matter of a few weeks.

At the end of an hour young Bryan had the president of the college looking at the matter in an entirely different light. Not only was the sentence of expulsion repealed, but Bryan obtained the consent to visit Miss Baird at the college weekly.

Although it was not until after the young couple had left their respective colleges that their engagement was announced, it was while at school that they became fast friends. Both graduated at the same time, and a few years later they were married.

A Million Gold Dollars

Would not bring happiness to the person suffering with dyspepsia, but Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured many thousands of cases of this disease. It tones the stomach, regulates the bowels and puts all the machinery of the system in good working order. It creates a good appetite and gives health, strength and happiness.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

Ravage of the Army Worm.

The loss to the farmers of Pennsylvania by the ravages of the army worm will not fall short of a quarter million dollars. Reports of the department of agriculture from farmers in counties where the worm has made its appearance this summer estimate the aggregate loss at \$10,000 in some townships. The farmers in these localities estimate their individual loss anywhere from \$50 to \$600. The greatest damage has been done to oats, barley and grass crops.

State Zoologist Warren is preparing a bulletin which will give the loss caused by the little pests and their history and their movements. It will be illustrated with photographs taken in the field showing how the worm damages the crops. The pest has not yet made its appearance in a number of the counties. Dr. Warren thinks they will not cause much more damage this season as the farmers have taken vigorous measures to eradicate them.

The Twin Comet lawn sprinkler is the best thing of the kind now on the market. It is nickel plated, and can be adjusted to cover a circle eighty feet in diameter, or less if desired. It not only does effective work, but is as pretty as a fountain, when in operation. We have one at our residence which can be seen at any time by calling at this office. THE COLUMBIAN has the agency for Bloomsburg, Pa.



"A Bicycle Built for Two."

BattleAx PLUG

Five cents' worth of "BATTLE AX" will serve two chewers just about as long as 5 cents' worth of other brands will serve one man. This is because a 5 cent piece of "BATTLE AX" is almost as large as the 10 cent piece of other high grade brands.

Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association.

Edward B. Harper, Founder. Frederick A. Burnham, President.

FIFTEEN YEARS COMPLETED—

—ANNUAL MEETING AND REPORT.

The Largest and Strongest Natural Premium Life Insurance Companies in the World.

\$69,000,000 of New Business in 1895.
\$308,660,000 of Business in Force.
\$4,084,075 of Death Claims paid in 1895.
\$25,000,000 of Death Claims paid since Business begun.
1895 SHOWS—AN INCREASE IN GROSS ASSETS,
AN INCREASE IN NET SURPLUS,
AN INCREASE IN INCOME,
AN INCREASE IN BUSINESS IN FORCE,
OVER 105,800 MEMBERS INTERESTED.

The Annual Meeting of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association was held in the Association's Building, corner Broadway & Duane St., New York City, on Wednesday, January 22nd, and was attended by a large and representative gathering of policy holders who listened with keen interest to the masterly Annual Report of President Burnham.

Many policy holders evidently regarded this as a favorable opportunity to meet face to face the new chief executive officer of the Association, President Frederick A. Burnham, the man whose grasp of life insurance, whose keen executive ability and strong individuality have enabled him to take up the work laid down in death by the founder of the institution, the late Edward B. Harper, and make of the administration of his office of President, not an echo or copy of that of his predecessor, but a piece of finished work, characteristic of a man of independent views, and worthy to follow the work which had carried the Association to a position never attained in the same length of time by any life insurance organization in the world. It is rare, indeed, that a great institution like this passes, without check to its prosperity, through a change in the executive chief, for it is rare indeed that a chief like the late Mr. Harper finds so able a successor as President Burnham.

The record of the year 1895 speaks for itself, and shows the following gratifying results.

The GROSS ASSETS have increased during the year from \$5,536,115.99 to \$5,661,707.82.

The NET SURPLUS over liabilities shows a NET GAIN for the year of \$306,329.43, and now amounts to \$3,582,509.32.

The INCOME from all sources shows a gain for the year of \$631,541.97, and amounts to \$5,575,281.56.

DEATH CLAIMS to the amount of \$4,084,074.92 were paid during the year, an increase over the previous year of \$1,013,560.91.

The BUSINESS IN FORCE shows a gain for the year of \$15,293,265, and now amounts to \$308,659,371.

Counting three hundred working days in the year the daily average income for 1895 is \$18,584.27; the daily average payments for death claims, \$13,652.25, and the daily average gain in business in force within a fraction of \$51,000.

Persons desiring insurance, an agency, or any other information concerning the MUTUAL RESERVE FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION may apply to

E. D. LUDWIG, Sept.,

53 Downing Block, ERIE, PA.

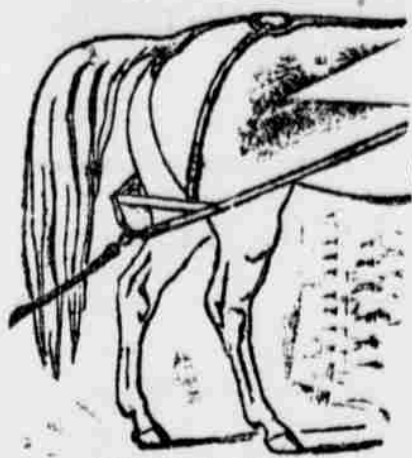
"He that works easily works successfully." 'Tis very easy to clean house with

SAPOLIO

A HANDY DEVICE.

How to Hitch a Horse to the End of a Rope.

The usual way of hitching a horse to the end of a rope when picking up a whiffletree, but as the horse is required to back up at every fork, he is liable to step on the whiffletree, or outside of the traces, unless much care is exercised in drawing the whiffletree back as fast as the horse moves. The accompanying illustration represents the manner of hitching a horse to a rope, so that he can not get his feet out of the traces, even if he is backed rapidly, or turned around carelessly. The end of the rope is fastened in a ring which holds a hook for securing the cockeyes of the traces. A wooden stretcher two feet long, and an inch and a half in diameter, shaved or turned round, having a small iron gudgeon driven into each end and extending half an inch beyond the wood, is put between the traces, so that it acts against the hames of the horse when he is not drawing. A hole about one-fourth of an inch in diameter is punched or bored through each trace, for receiving the gudgeons of the



Showing Device Attached.

stretcher, which is suspended by two straps fastened near its ends, and the straps are sewed to the other end of the traces, which are hooked into a ring in the back strap of the harness, as shown by the illustration. If chain traces be used, the gudgeons may enter the links. If the traces are to be released, they drop from the stretcher, when the straps may be unhooked.

Another great advantage of hitching a horse in this manner is, a boy may be put on him when hitching; and instead of backing the horse at every fork he can turn him directly around, and let him walk or trot back to the starting place, much sooner than he could be backed. This arrangement renders it easier for the man who pitches, as he is not required to draw back so much rope and the fork besides. If the horse, in turning, goes around over the rope, he will soon untwist and spoil it. When he comes around in the opposite direction, he twists it once at every round, making it harder and harder. It is better to twist than to untwist it, as the twist can be easily taken out.

Care of Stock in Spring.

"Between hay and grass" is a proverbially hard time for cattle and stock of all kinds. One's calculations are so apt to come out a little short in regard to how much it will take to carry the stock well through the winter, that it is the exception rather than the rule that farmers can feed hay, grain and roots as liberally in the spring months as the needs of their animals demand. Milch cows that have just come in, or that drop their calves during this month, before they can be turned to pasture, need first-rate care and feeding, or the flow of milk for the whole season may be essentially diminished. Young cows especially should be fed in a way to develop as much as possible every milk-producing quality, for this will influence their value throughout their lives. The renewal of their coats is a great matter, and the vital force of neat cattle and horses, and at this season they are more benefited by regular and thorough carding than at any other. When a supply of roots has been kept through till now, feed them out, so that the transition from dry fodder to grass will not be too sudden and produce scouring. When cows are first turned to pasture, give them a little less than their usual feed morning and evening, putting them in the pasture a few hours only in the middle of the day. They will do much better for it. The same is true of bees, which will fatten rapidly as warm weather comes on, if gradually accustomed to grass, their meal and hay being kept up just as usual. Otherwise they are apt to scour and fall off considerably. Calves if kept in warm, comfortable and clean quarters and fed regularly, will increase in weight very fast. All their food should be cooked, even the hay; at least all the meal shorts or bran which is mingled with the skimmed milk, should be thoroughly cooked. When calves are fattened upon the cow, it is a fact worth remembering that it is not the cows which give the richest milk that will bring up the most calves or fatten them the most rapidly. When milk cannot be sold, it is often very economically disposed of by putting two calves to a good cow, and "messaging" them twice a day besides. Calves will seldom quarrel, so it is best to allow a week or fortnight's difference in their ages.

To Make a Ewe Own a Strange Lamb.

Ewes recognize their own lambs by a peculiar odor, and by their voice, color and form. Sometimes a good ewe loses her lamb, while another one has two. In such instances it is much better to let the ewe that has lost her lamb have one of the twins to rear, instead of allowing them to such their own dam, while a good ewe has no lamb. To make a ewe own the lamb of another, tie her in a close pen and put the lamb with her. If she is inclined to butt, or kick it, tie her head to the rack, and her hind feet about four inches apart. If she will not butt the lamb, her head need not be tied. In a few days she will own it, and it will forget its own dam. By putting one of a pair of twins on a ewe that has lost her lamb, she may be saved serious injury from garget. A plan often successful is to remove the skin from the dead lamb, and place the whole, or part of it, upon the lamb to be introduced in its place.

Every good farmer should look carefully to the seed he is sowing. Good quality is of vital importance.

THINKS THE MOON IS SAFE.

George Manville Fenn Says His Secrets Will Not Be Revealed by the Paris Telescope.

"I have read with much interest the article of your Paris correspondent bearing the above heading, from the fact that for the past two years I have been experimenting upon the possibility of producing a telescope or optic glass of far greater power than anything we have at present on the way.

"Now, M. Deloncle's venture for the Paris Exhibition certainly sounds big, but upon carefully going over your correspondent's report, it seems to me—perhaps wrongly—that the learned Frenchman is not about to eclipse the Mount Hamilton glass, neither will he equal the larger instrument being set up at Chicago. These are refractors pure and simple, but with all the resources of the glassmaker brought to bear in producing the most perfect lenses.

"We read nothing of the kind with regard to M. Deloncle's instrument. We are told of a huge disk of glass nearly seven feet in diameter, but upon your correspondent's showing, this is not to form either the objective for a refracting telescope nor a mirror for a reflecting telescope, but a plane mirror to use on the principle of a siderostat, while the lenses of flint and crown glass, which form the true telescope, are one metre twenty-five centimetres in diameter; that is, about that of the Chicago glass, whose power it cannot possibly equal, from the loss of light caused by the moon's rays being reflected from his plane mirror through his huge tube—that is to say, the rays are received second hand—from the reflector, instead of primarily from the planet, as in the case of all great refracting telescopes.

"From the above circumstances, the image to be produced must be fainter upon M. Deloncle's principle, and he proposes to weaken it still more by casting the image upon a screen instead of directly upon the retina of the observer's eye. For popular visual purposes M. Deloncle's instrument will doubtless be a success, but it will only prove so from the spectacular point of view—to amuse an audience. Its scientific value will be nil, while its cost seems to me absurd. I venture to think that upon the principle I could produce ten times the effect at a tithe of the amount. If I am wrong, a couple of years' thoughtful experimenting have been in vain."—London News.

Dog Nomenclature.

To call a poodle Neptune or a pug Rover is obviously to invite contempt for one's capricious canine sponsor. A terrier, for instance, which is a dog of unique temperament, the exact counterpart of which is not to be found in any other phase of creation, requires a name which shall characterize the little rascal's natural disposition—alert, quick, courageous, resolute, true till death—the difficulty nowadays, of course, being to find names which shall be appropriate without being worn to rags; the most characteristic, such as Venom, Vixen, Nettle, Sting, Trap, &c., having been used over and over again. A properly conscientious family will deliberate for months before selecting a name for a new puppy. Two admirably expressive names for two beautiful little fox terriers, which, some ten years ago, used to occupy the show benches side by side, and were as good for work as they were to show, were Brokenhurst, Rally and Baby Tyrant.

Bendigo, for a hard-fighting, generous-hearted white bull terrier, and Caliban, for an atrociously ugly and powerful bulldog, with the shortest of faces and bandiest of legs, the writer considers his own happiest efforts at canine nomenclature. Being somewhat fastidious in the matter he was not a little disgusted when, upon one occasion, a dainty but game little smooth-coated terrier which he had presented to a lady under the name of Skittles was re-introduced to him by the name of Floss! Huntmen, though they have generally a fine regard for fitness in hound nomenclature, obviously cannot be eternally supplying new names, so they ring the changes on the old, and the badger-pied Ringwood, who wakes the echoes of the dewy wood with his jangling music to-day, succeeds to the hound designation of the fine old hare-an ancestor who went to the happy hunting grounds a dozen seasons ago. It is instructive, by the way, to remark that, as we learn from an extremely interesting article, which appeared recently in Macmillan's Magazine, entitled, "A Day with Xenophon's Harriers," the names of his hounds flow naturally into our English equivalents, Active, Bustler, Ravager, Reveller, Cherub and the like. "Give your hounds short names," he says, "that it may be easy to call them."—Cornhill Magazine.

Wooden Man Who Walks.

One of these days the public will see a big man trotting along the streets drawing a covered wagon, much after the fashion that a Japanese draws a jinriksha.

The most wonderful part of it all is that the big man will be found to be of wood, and he forms one of the most marvelous inventions of the century. He is the original machine man, although he never dabbled in politics. This strange invention is the creation of Philip Perew, of Tonawanda, N. Y. It represents years of costly labor and experiment. The power that moves the man comes from a machine in the covered wagon that he seems to draw—a machine twelve feet long, five feet wide and six feet high. The motive power of the machinery is electricity.

This man of wood is so cunningly made that the deception is almost perfect until close examination reveals the facts. The movements of limbs and body counterfeit nature. As the figure, clothed in a neat knickerbocker suit, steps along at a lively gait, he looks human enough to deceive any one. One of these days Mr. Perew will let the public see his automaton. Just now it is not on view.

Hampered.

"All I demand for my client," shouted the attorney in the voice of a man who was paid for it, "is justice."

"I'm very sorry I can't accommodate you," replied the judge, "but the law won't allow me to give him more than seven years."—Tid-Bits.

TO BREAK A COLT.

Some Sound Advice Which It Will Pay to Read.

The word "break" seems to imply that the young horse has a temper which must be broken, rather than a will which should be trained to act in unison with that of his master. The training of a horse should always proceed upon the principle that he is a rational animal—that is, that he has a will, affection, love of approbation, of caresses, and of sugar—intelligence, ability to comprehend cause and effect, to understand language and tones of voice, quickness to detect the temper of the man who handles him, or fretful, malicious or passionate, and likely to hurt him. The horse is naturally timid, and his fears, if aroused, not only make him less manageable, but impair his judgment, making him see harm in almost every thing.

The whip should be used as a wand of authority, as giving the trainer's arm a longer reach, and as a means of giving signals—very seldom as a rod of correction. When it is used to chastise, never threaten, or let the horse know he is to be whipped, but, having him perfectly under control, so that his springs and struggles will do no harm, give him one or two severe, quick cuts. This must be done without the least spite—"more in sorrow than in anger"—and the training should be resumed exactly as if nothing had happened. If a man is never spiteful and angry with the colt, the horse will rarely or never show any real viciousness.

A colt, properly trained, comes to the age of three and a half or four years, halter broken, kind, fond of being handled and petted, and glad to see his master, who should have been in the habit of giving him an ear of corn, a sweet apple, a carrot, or lump of sugar, so frequently that he will follow him like a dog whenever he goes to the pasture. For the good of the horse, even unpleasant familiarities, such as his nose over one's shoulder, or in one's pocket, ought not to be sternly rebuked. Three ounces of sugar will, in our opinion, go further towards breaking a colt, than a day's work with the whip, and even at present prices, sugar is a good deal the most economical. The colt being of such a character, he may be harnessed, putting on each piece of harness carefully, so as not to cause alarm, taking care always, so as not to cause alarm, taking care always, should he show any alarm, to let him smell the article and look at it to his heart's content. The best place to harness a colt is a loose box, nine or ten feet square. The trainer should be deliberate, even tediously slow perhaps, if the colt is high strung. If he is very fractious, he may be rarely-fied, so that he shall know definitely who is master. No person who is the least afraid of him, or who would jump or start when an attempt to kick, bite or strike might be made, should be allowed to have any intercourse with a horse in training. First put on a strong bridle, having measured his head and made it fit beforehand. It should be of a size to be put on and off easily, and have a smooth bit, wound with cotton cloth. It is well to accustom him to take a piece of wood into his mouth like a bit, repeatedly before putting on the bridle. This done, let him stand an hour not fastened, or give him a few turns about a circle, holding him by a twenty-foot rein or rope. Previous lessons should have accustomed him to take various paces at the will of his trainer about such a ring, sugar or other dainty having been the reward of well-doing. At the second lesson in harness, let an assistant take the line in centre of the circle, while the trainer takes the reins behind the colt, at first merely holding them, then letting him feel the weight of the hand on them, and finally guiding him, little by little, until he may be driven independently of the assistant, and beyond the circle.

When accustomed to the harness, standing and being exercised in it during one or two lessons each day for two days or a week, according to the disposition of the animal, he may be put into the thills, but neither the traces nor holdbacks hitched. Now let an assistant rock, rattle, and move the wagon a while, and then aid the trainer to move it forward, while the colt is made to walk slowly, letting him have his head and look at the wagon. Before attaching the traces, at the second lesson in harness perhaps, the trainer on the right side, and his assistant on the other, may grasp the thills each with one hand, just in front of the tugs, letting the horse step forward and draw the wagon by the thills, and letting him feel its weight as much or little as desired. He may be backed somewhat in the same way. By his actions, one may easily judge when it will be safe to hitch him to the wagon. The vehicle selected should be one not heavy but strong, and which will run with little noise. One simple thing should be taught at a time, seldom two distinct ideas at one lesson. They should be daily repeated at each lesson until perfectly familiar, and, after each good performance, the horse should be caressed and rewarded. What a horse learns in this way he remembers, and he will quickly exhibit a really remarkable confidence in his master and alacrity to serve him.

Young Poultry.

All kinds of young poultry should have good care, especially when very young. One of the best attachments to a poultry yard is a low shed eight feet wide, open to the south, and closed by light lattice work that will not keep the sun out. Here young turkeys and chickens may safely spend a few weeks. The hens being cooped under the sheds. The ground should be covered with dry, and covered with ash, and the surface shoveled off and the ashes renewed frequently. One secret of success with chickens is keeping them dry; this, in connection with cleanly quarters, scalded or cooked food and pure water always before them and always fresh, will secure fine, healthy flocks.

Paper Shoes for Horses.

The experiments in shoeing horses with shoes made of compressed paper, at present being carried out by order of the German Minister of War, are interesting. So far the usual way of fastening the shoes with nails has been found not to answer with this material, and recourse has been had to a kind of cement for attaching the shoe firmly to the hoof.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF Wm. NEAL.
The undersigned auditor appointed to make distribution of the funds in the hands of J. M. Clark, assigns of the estate of William Neal, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office over the First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Thursday, the 10th day of September, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the performance of the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims upon this estate will present them, or be forever barred from coming in for a share of said fund.
C. R. BUCKALEW,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF Wm. NEAL & SONS.
The undersigned auditor appointed to make distribution of the funds in the hands of J. M. Clark, assigns of the estate of Wm. Neal & Sons to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office over the First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Thursday, the 10th day of September, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the performance of the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims upon this estate will present them, or be forever barred from coming in for a share of said fund.
C. R. BUCKALEW,
Auditor.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, on the first Monday of next term, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, under Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April 29, A. D. 1874, and the supplements thereto, by Wm. H. Snyder, Ira R. McHenry, H. L. McHenry, S. E. McHenry and E. Applebaum, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "First Christian Church of Benton," the charter and object of which is the support of the public worship of Almighty God according to the constitution, canons, discipline, doctrine, faith, government and forms of the Christian Church, which it hereby agrees to adopt, and for the purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the Act of Assembly aforesaid, and its supplements.
WM. H. SNYDER,
Solicitor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF I. W. MCKELVY.
The undersigned auditor appointed to make distribution of the balance in the hands of A. Z. Schuch, assigns of the estate of I. W. McKelvy, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Tuesday, the 8th day of September, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons who have claims upon said balance will present them, or be forever barred from coming in for a share of said fund.
C. W. MILLER,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELVINA WHITENIGHT DEOD.
The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., to make distribution of the balance in the hands of J. M. Clark, assigns of the estate of Elvina Whitenight, late of Fishing Creek township, dec'd, will sit at his office of H. Frank Zarr, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Saturday, September 13th, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims upon said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever barred from coming in for a share of said fund.
H. A. MCKILLIP,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rebecca Bogert, late of Fishing Creek township, Columbia county, dec'd.
The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Moses McKelvy, executor of said estate, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Saturday, August 29th, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims upon said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever barred from coming in for a share of said fund.
H. A. MCKILLIP,
Auditor.

NOTICE.

TOWN TAXES.
Notice is hereby given that the Town Treasurer of Bloomsburg will receive Town taxes for the year 1896, at his office in the Wirt Building, from July 29, 1896, to August 30, 1896, after which time no per cent. will be added to all taxes unpaid at the expiration of said period.
A. S. YOST,
Town Treasurer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary J. Vanhorn, late of Hemlock township, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Mary J. Vanhorn, late of Hemlock township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands against said estate to present them without delay to Grant Herring, Atty.
H. W. SHAFER,
Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Susan Rambach, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Susan Rambach, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands against said estate to present them without delay to
ANNIE SAVAGE,
Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Boyd A. Kile, late of Jackson township, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Boyd A. Kile, late of Jackson township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands against said estate to present them without delay to
ANNIE SAVAGE,
Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mrs. Sallie A. Buckingham, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mrs. Sallie A. Buckingham, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned executor, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands against said estate to present them without delay to
ANNIE SAVAGE,
Executor.

The "TWIN COMET" and "LITTLE GIANT"

Lawn Sprinklers,

BEST MADE.

Unique, Efficient, Labor Saving.

Will sprinkle 4 times greater area than any other

Sprinklers made.

Highest Award at the Chicago

Exposition.

Can be seen in operation at residence of the Editor of this paper, corner 3rd and Market Sts., Bloomsburg.

Send for circulars giving testimonials and prices.

E. Stebbins Mfg. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.

Agency for Bloomsburg at the COLUMBIAN office.

2-21-96.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H. MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office in Peacock's building, Market Square.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST
WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.

H. A. MCKILLIP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.

R. RUSH ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.

Office Liddell building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUDGE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.

Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

J. B. MCKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN

H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18, West Fifth St.
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE
SPECIALTY

Office hours, 10 to 10 A. M. BLOOMSBURG
1 to 2 P. M.
7 to 9 P. M. PA.

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's Home,
MARKET STREET
TELEPHONE.

HONORA A. ROBBINS, M. D.,
Office, West First Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office hours, 10 to 10 a. m.
1 to 2 p. m.
7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.

Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Office 2nd floor front, Lockard's Building, corner of Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Dentistry in all its branches. Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anesthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.

Lockard's Building, 2nd floor, Corner Main and Centre.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN, by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.

To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall,
Office hours 9:30 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON MCKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman)

Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

CASH TOTAL SURPLUS
CAPITAL ASSETS. OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila. \$400,000 \$3,196,529
Penn's Phila. 400,000 3,825,160
Queen of N. Y. 500,000 3,528,915
Westchester, N. Y. 300,000 1,753,307
N. America, Phila. 3,000,000 9,730,689
OFFICE IN I. W. MCKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FRIEAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.

N. W. Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples, N. Y.; Reading, Pa.; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J. These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.

Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.

The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
B. Stohner, Prop. C. F. Stohner, Assistant,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. The hotel has been lately refurnished.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Bartzel, Prop. Peter F. Reidy, Manager
No. 121 West Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Large

Come and See Us.

Bring Your Feet
With You.

We can fit them
with up to date shoes.

W. C. McKINNEY,

Clarks' Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

NIAGARA FALLS.

Low Rate Excursion via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company's ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls present the most advantageous method of witnessing this wonderful example of Nature's works.

The remaining excursions of the series will leave Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington on August 20, September 5 and 17. An experienced tourist agent and chaperon will accompany each excursion.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at \$10 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, and at proportionate rates from other points. A stop-over will be allowed at Watkins and Rochester in either direction and at Buffalo returning.

A special train of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion.

An additional attraction to the tour of September 5 will be Canada's grand industrial fair, which is to be held at Toronto from August 31 to September 12, which will have new and varied attractions. Tourists on this excursion will be granted greatly reduced rates between Niagara Falls and Toronto in order to avail themselves of the opportunity of visiting this great exposition.

For further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Tourist Agent, Room 411, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Special Reduced Rate Excursion to the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the benefit of those desiring to visit Ocean Grove (Asbury Park) during the great camp meeting, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will, on August 26, sell excursion tickets to that point from stations named below at the very low rates quoted.

These tickets will be good for passage to Philadelphia on train named below, thence on regular trains leaving Broad Street Station at 3:30 and 4:05 P. M. that day to Ocean Grove (Asbury Park):—

Train leaves.	Rate.
East Bloomsburg.....Lv. 8:47 A. M.	\$4.50
Catawissa.....8:55 "	4.50
South Danville.....9:14 "	4.50
Philadelphia.....Ar. 3:00 P. M.	

Tickets will be good for return passage on regular trains until September 2, inclusive, and will permit of stop-off at Philadelphia within limit.

Deaths.

Died in Fishingcreek Township on August 13, Mr. Emandus Bender, age 56 years, 5 months and 4 days.

Died in Briarcreek Township on August 14, Mr. Thomas Adams, age 77 years, 3 months and 3 days.

A Desirable Business Place For Sale.

The large three story brick store building lately occupied by J. R. Schuyler & Co., as a hardware store for sale on reasonable terms by J. H. Maize Esq., Attorney. Office Lockard building corner Main and Centre streets.

Real good property in Espy for sale cheap. It is a desirable residence, large lot, and plenty of fruit. Apply to J. H. Maize Esq.

For Sale.

A desirable house and lot. Corner lot about 50 x 80 feet, beautiful location, all modern improvements; will be sold at once. Cheap for cash, or part down and balance to suit the purchaser; or part in exchange for other property.

For further information call on S. D. Neyhard, Building, Loan and Real Estate Agent, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa. 11-15 tf.

For a Shave or Hair Cut.

For a good and quick shave or hair cut, go to James Reilly's tonsorial room in Exchange Block, first floor, next to Express Office. None but experienced workmen employed.

12-13-14.

SALES.

Tuesday Sept. 1, 1896. H. W. Shade administrator of Mary J. Vanhorn deceased will sell valuable real estate on the premises two miles from Buckhorn. Two sets of buildings on the premises.

THE PRESIDENT'S PRIVATE LIFE.

The following is a fair idea of the many incidents that come free to a President: Every bit of linen, bedding, towels, and such things is furnished. He is shaved by the White House barber. His table is spread with the finest, daintiest damask, set with the most exquisite china, and bountifully supplied with flowers from the White House conservatories. If he sends a telegram, it is done from an instrument in the White House, for which the government pays. His stationery, postage, etc., cost him nothing. Should he desire a game of billiards, there is a beautiful table at hand; or if he wants to take a drive, his stables, which the government pays the rent for and takes care of, are amply equipped. When he enters his business office, a man is stationed at the door to open and close it; and a private secretary, to whom the government pays a salary of \$5000 a year, assists him with his correspondence. The services of a type-writer are also furnished. He is protected from the curious by a number of private watchmen. Should he want a cruise, a magnificent steamship from the navy is placed at his disposal.

There are many other things that cost him nothing, such as the culinary arrangements, his steward, who does the marketing, the many fancy delicacies sent him by enterprising firms. This, by the way, is a sort of nuisance, for it seems to be the desire of every manufacturer of some new eatable or drinkable to get it into the White House. Things of value that find their way there are never accepted.—Harper's Round Table.

The Laws of the Street.

An Eastern cyclist has secured a judgment for \$25 and costs against the owner of a vehicle, the driver of which turned into a street on the wrong side and came into collision with the wheelman, who was on the right side. The court held that the right and wrong side in this case were precisely the same as in the case of wagons, and the rights and duties of wheel riders the same as those of drivers. One class, if observing the laws and ordinances of the street, was entitled to the same freedom as the other. This is justice and common sense.

This is Your Opportunity.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size 50c.

ELY BROTHERS,

56 Warren St., New York City.
Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement. "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT AT ST. PAUL, MINN.

Extremely Low Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will be held at St. Paul, Minn., September 2 to 4.

For the occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell on August 29, 30, and 31 excursion tickets to St. Paul and return, at exceedingly low rates, as follows:—

New York, \$28.00; Philadelphia, \$26.25; Trenton, \$27.05; Baltimore and Washington, \$25.00; Harrisburg, Williamsport, and Wilkes-Barre, \$24.75; Altoona, \$23.50; proportionate rates from other points.

Tickets will be good for return passage until September 16, with an extension to and including September 30 if deposited with the Joint Agent at St. Paul on or before September 16. Full information can be obtained on application to ticket agents.

THE

BROADWAY

GRAND
PARCEL
SALE.

300

Grabs

for

25

cents

each.

A grab bag is a part of every well regulated church fair. We will have a grab bag that will lay in the shade every thing of its kind.

300 Grabs for
25 Cents Each.

On one of our tables will be stacked 300 parcels, each one containing merchandise worth from 25 cents to \$5.00. You pay 25c. and take one package and get

You Don't
Know What.

These will be
sold without limit
at 25c. each on

Saturday, Aug. 22

and until all are
sold.

We guarantee that the contents of each and every package will be worth not less than 25 cents, and that many of the parcels will contain goods to the value of \$1.00 to \$5.00.

YOU TAKE YOUR CHOICE AT 25c.

It's lots of fun, the surprises are many, and you can't lose any money for you get full value every time. Come and take a grab.

This is our plan to awaken the community and get them going the right way—into our store.

Table oil cloth, 12½ c. yd.
Carpet tacks, 2c. paper.
200 yd. spool cotton 2c. spool
Marbles, 25 for 1c.
Envelopes, 25 for 1c.
Buggy whips, 8c. 10c., 15c.
Safety pins, all sizes, 2c. doz.
Snelled fish hooks, 5c. doz.
Fish lines, 2 for 1c.
Japanese porch screens, 6 x 8 feet, 75c. each.
A complete line of Butterick's patterns now in stock.

Respectfully submitted to the
cash trade only by

THE BROADWAY CASH STORE,

Moyer's New Building, Main Street,

BLOOMSBURG.

JONAS LONG'S SONS'
WEEKLY CHATS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.

August 20, 1896.



We keep our business moving in times of general business depression by giving you your money's worth and more, our reputation is always for best goods and prices but at this season we strive to exceed ourselves, and to-day announce the biggest cut in prices of the season. This is the last great bargain call, to clear away our summer stock, and those who buy freely make no mistake. See our great advertisements in Monday's Wilkes-Barre Record or Times. There are opportunities now that may not occur again for a season. This is an Actual Clearing Sale, given expressly to make room for our Magnificent Fall Stock that is now being purchased by our large corps of buyers. Read this partial list of cut prices, and remember the entire store is fairly alive with just such money savers.

White Shaker Flannel, regular price 6c, now 3½c.

Best Dark Calicos, regular price 7c, now 3½c.

Unbleached Canton Flannel at the yard 4c.

Our Celebrated Defender Lawns reduced to 3c.

Silk Finish Crepons, Fall Style, 10c.

7-cent Unbleached Muslin reduced to 5½c.

Best Quality Lancaster Gingham during the sale 5c.

10x4 Summer Blankets, were 75c, reduced to 43c.

Good Quality Bed Ticking reduced to 7c.

Best Dress Lining Cambrics this week 3½c.

Best 10-cent

Silicias reduced to 8c.

All of our Kai Kai Japanese Checks and Wash Stripe Silks formerly 25 to 49c the yard are reduced to 15c.

A Special Combination Lot of Silks, Black Grounds, China, Cream, Crepe de Chine, Japanese Crepes and Colored Ground China Silks, former price 50c to 75c, will be closed out at 25c.

A Special Lot of 28-inch Plain Black China Silks, Cadet Stripe Gauzine, 32-inch Drapery Silks, 27-inch Printed Dress China Silks in Dark and Light Grounds, former prices from 75c to \$1.00, now 39c.

Ladies' Duck Suits, Navy, Tan and White, with White and Black Stripes, worth \$1.75, reduced to close the lot to 98c.

Ladies' Lawn Suits in two pieces, finished with ruffles on skirt, full belt and collar with bow, were \$4.00, now \$2.50.

Lots of warm weather ahead, and its an opportune time to buy the boy a Wash Suit. Those Splendid 50c Suits we've sold so many of go this week at 25c.

Boys' Washable Suits that were \$2.00 are now \$1.00, those that were \$2.50 are now \$1.25 those that were \$1.25 are now 98c, and so on down along the entire list the prices have been cut to clear away.

All Wool Ingrain Carpets are now 49c.

Half Wove Ingrains are 35c.

Ingrain Carpets, good quality 19c.

Heavy Wiltons, per yard 75c.

Body Brussels, 89c.

Write at once for any information regarding this Sale.

Samples will be forwarded on receipt of postal card.

A personal trip to our store will reveal the lowest prices in the history of our business. We carry nothing over from season to season and sell regardless of cost.

Jonas Longs Sons

Cor. W. Market and Public Square,

THREE BLIND MICE

You remember the story of the three blind mice—how the farmer's wife cut off their tails with a carving knife. They were BLIND—that's how it happened. Now don't be blind. Don't be blind to your own interest. Come in and get fitted with a fine pair of glasses, and then look over my complete stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware and Cut Glass, or—well, you know the moral of the story.

J. E. ROYS,

Successor to J. G. Wells,

Next door to Post-Office.

BLOOMSBURG,

PA

THE NEW WOMAN

—AND—

THE OLD MAN

and all the rest of the family
can be satisfactorily shod at

Jones & Walter's
Shoe Store.

Every day new goods are coming in. The very latest in footwear. The newest in colored leathers. High shoes and low shoes, and shoes of all sizes, and at just what you want to pay price.



For Delicate

Flavor = =

Our Ice Cream is unequalled. It's a warm weather dish fit for the Gods.

I. G. Deitrick,

Market Square.



Telephone Connection.

Some People
Always Complain.

We say some. But no one complains of the loaf of bread they receive at the Exchange Bakery for five cents. Try one and see if you will.

::

EXCHANGE BAKERY,

No. 12 Main St.

L. F. BEISHLINE, Prop.

FOR BARGAINS

Watch

This Space

NEXT WEEK.

FOR
FINE
SPRING
MILLINERY
GO TO

Mrs. M. A. Watson,

NEXT DOOR TO SALTZER'S MUSIC STORE.



It may be a little early to do your spring papering, but not too early to look over our large stock now ready for your inspection. In spite of the fact that the manufacturers charge us from 10 to 20 per cent. more than last year, we will sell at some cases even lower.

Window curtains of all kinds. Room and picture moulding always in stock.

WILLIAM H. SLATE

EXCHANGE HOTEL BLDG